

Meramec Regional Planning Commission

4 Industrial Drive • St. James, Mo 65559 573-265-2993

Title VI Program

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MRPC used a template, provided by the Missouri Department of Transportation (MoDOT) Transit Section, as a resource for producing the triennial Title VI Program document for Federal Transit Administration recipients and subrecipients. FTA Circular 4702.1B, dated October 1, 2012, "Title VI Requirement and Guidelines for Federal Transit Administration Recipients" was the primary source of material for this template. MRPC recognizes that the use of this template does not override its responsibility to interpret the requirements as expressed in FTA Circular 4702.1B, or as amended in the future.

This template is available online, through a link at:

http://www.modot.org/othertransportation/transit/transitapplicationsreportsprograms.htm

Check this link periodically for most recent, dated template updates.

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A. Title VI Assurances

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	MRPC	assures	that no perso	on shall, as pr	ovided by I	ederal and State c	ivil
rights	laws, be exclud	ed from partio	cipation in, be	denied the	benefits of,	or be subjected to	+
alscrin	nination under i	any program o	or activity	MRPC		_ further ensures e	very
	ims and activitie				ms and acti	vities, whether tho	se
P6.		s die rederan	y ranaca or r				
	MRPC	meets ti	he objectives	of the FTA M	laster Agre	ement which gover	ns .
	ities applying for octors by promo			MRPC		and its third-party	
A.	Ensure that th race, color, or			oortation ser	vice is prov	ided without regar	d to
В.	Identify and ac programs and					dverse effects of populations.	
C.	Promote the fe transportation			all affected T	itle VI popu	llations in	
D.	Prevent the debenefit minori					rams and activities	that
E.	Ensure meanir Proficiency (LE	-	programs an	d activities b	y persons v	vith Limited English	1

B. Agency Information

1. Mission of Meramec Regional Planning Commission

The Mission of MRPC is to enhance the quality of life for residents of the Meramec Region. In pursuit of this mission, MRPC will bring about results in these areas:

- Cleaner, healthier and safer communities.
- Greater socio-economic and cultural wealth through community and economic development,
 and
- A stronger, unified voice in the legislative process.

2. History (including year started)

History

In 1965 the Missouri legislature adopted the State and Regional Planning and Community Development Act The act created the Missouri Department of Community Affairs (now called the Missouri Department of Economic Development) and authorized the governor to create regional planning commissions upon the petition of local governments. State statues say that if the governor finds a need for a regional planning commission in an area, and if the petitioning cities and counties in that area comprise more than half of the proposed region's total population, then the governor may create a regional planning commission in that area. (Revised Statutes of Missouri, 1969, ed., Sec. 251.010, Sec. 251.030)

First Meeting

Local government leaders from each county in the region-Crawford, Dent, Gasconade, Maries, Phelps and Washington-first met on Sept. 24, 1968, at a park pavilion in Cuba, to organize the Meramec Regional Planning Commission. They chose Cuba Mayor John Brummet as temporary chairman to preside over the meeting. Two representatives from each county were chosen to form a bylaws committee, and an executive committee, also made up of two representatives from each county, was also formed.

Birth of an RPC

On Jan. 23, 1969, the Meramec Regional Planning Commission officially came into being. That day, Gov. Warren E. Hearnes signed the documents creating the MRPC and the commission elected its first officers: Salem Mayor Jack Masters as chairman; Leon Camillo, representative for Potosi, as vice chairman; Cuba Mayor John Brummet as secretary and Vienna Mayor Travis John as treasurer.

What Planning Is

Gov. Hearnes' proclamation explained regional planning as "a means whereby municipalities and counties may work cooperatively to solve problems and to plan the future development of human, natural, and economic resources of a region" and called it "an indispensable guide to local units in accomplishing a coordinated and efficient development of the region which will best promote the public health, safety, general welfare and economic prosperity in accordance with existing and future needs." According to state statutes, regional planning commissions "may conduct all types of research studies,

collect and analyze data, prepare maps, charts and tables and conduct all necessary studies for the accomplishment of its other duties. In matters relating to comprehensive planning, a regional planning commission...may enter into a contract and cooperate with any federal, state or local unit including other planning commissions or organizations within this or other states under laws of Missouri." (RSMo. 1969, Sec. 251.300,250.380.)

The Early Days

In the early days, the commission was run without a staff and without an office. The board members handled the business of organizing, and Chairman Jack Masters handled most of the administrative work out of his office in Salem. Monthly meetings were held at the Cuba City Hall. Funding came from the dues of member governments, which was set at 10 cents per capita. Eventually, the commission received federal planning grants and then needed to hire a staff to do the work. In March of 1971, the commission hired its first director, Harold Bray, and a few months later rented its first office, a temporary office located in the Holloway "House in Rolla", 1008 Holloway St. By the Feb. 10,1972, meeting, the MRPC staff had moved into an office at 1203 E. l0th St. in Rolla. In May of 1976, the MRPC board voted to purchase a new building to better accommodate the growing organization, and soon thereafter the MRPC's headquarters was moved to 101 W. 10 St. in Rolla. In July 1979, the MRPC hired its second director, Richard Cavender. The board voted to purchase a newer and more accommodating building in 1999 and the office moved to its current location at 4 Industrial Drive, St. James. On June 30, 2011, Richard Cavender retired after 32 years of service. The board named Bonnie Prigge executive director, staring July 1, 2011. Prigge had 20 years' experience with MRPC and had served 15 years as assistant director under Cavender's leadership.

Economic Development

A federal law, the Public Works and Economic Development Act, enacted in 1965, makes the Meramec Region eligible for federal aid because of the area's relatively high unemployment and low family income levels. The law is designed to help stimulate the area's economy by providing funding for community services. But the region wasn't certified as a bona fide federal Economic Development District until 1975. Once the certification was made, the MRPC member governments became eligible for more public assistance to improve the local economy.

Addition of Osage County

On Nov. 13,1997, Gov. Mel Carnahan signed Executive Order 9714 that officially realigned MRPC's boundaries to include Osage County. This was the first boundary change in the organization's 28 year history. In 1998, the U.S. Department of Commerce Economic Development Administration admitted Osage County to the Meramec Economic Development District, making it eligible for economic development assistance like other Meramec communities and counties.

Addition of Pulaski County

On August 22, 2005, Governor Matt Blunt signed an executive order making Pulaski County a part of the Meramec Region - the second boundary change for MRPC.

3. Regional Profile (regional population; growth projection)

The Meramec Region is an eight-county area located in the southeast-central portion of Missouri. The area covers over 5,133 square miles and includes eight counties and 36 municipalities. The region is

marked with gently rolling hills, deep valleys and plateaus. Numerous rivers and streams transverse the region, creating a natural draw for outdoor enthusiasts. Many of the small towns are industrial havens, yet the small farmer is still prevalent. Many wineries dot the countryside, making it a popular draw for tourists.

In 2010, the eight-county Meramec Region was home to 201,254 people, an increase of 12.2 percent since 2000. The region grew at a faster pace from 2000-2010 than the state, which posted a 7.0 percent increase in population. Individual 2010 county populations range from a low of 9,176 in Maries County to 52,274 in Pulaski County. All counties, except Gasconade, demonstrated individual growth from 2000 to 2010, ranging from a high of 27 percent in Pulaski County to 3.1 percent in Maries County. Gasconade County's population decreased by .8 percent from 2000 to 2010. The largest city in the region continues to be Rolla, the county seat of Phelps County. It has 19,559 people. The smallest city is West Sullivan in Crawford County with 119 residents.

According to population projections by the Missouri State Division of Budget and Planning, the Meramec Region can expect continued growth for the next 30 years. However, the growth projections have not been revised since 2008 and do not reflect the growth documented with the 2010 Census. The 2010 Census documented populations of Dent, Gasconade, Osage, Phelps and Pulaski were higher than the 2008 projections for 2010.

It is likely the population of the region will continue to grow over the next 30-years based on natural change and migration.

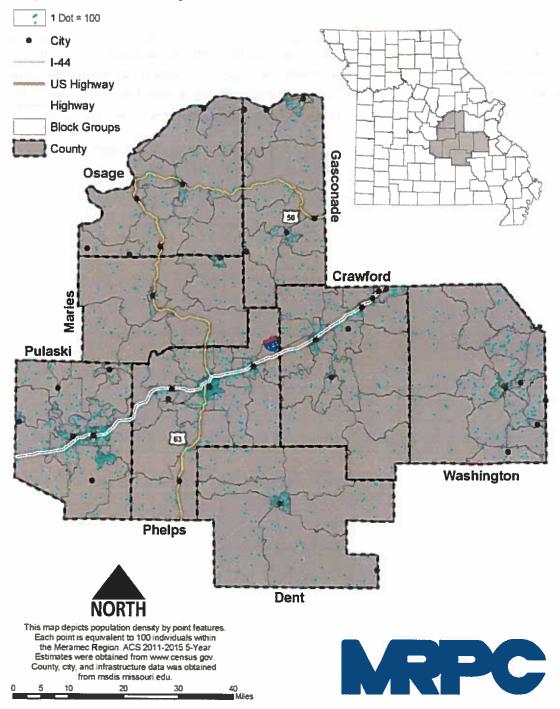
4. Population served (in relation to regional population)

The Meramec Region is made up of eight counties (Crawford, Dent, Gasconade, Maries, Osage, Phelps, Pulaski and Washington) and 35 cities with a total population of 201,254 people according to the 2010 Census, and 200,826 by the 2012-1016 ACS 5-Year Estimates.

Demographic data by county is attached in the appendixes.

Service area (include map, with any routes utilized)

Population Dot Density



5. Governing body make-up (include terms of office)

MRPC is governed by a 64 member board. Of these, 42 are local elected officials (city mayors and county presiding commissioners) or their representatives, 22 are non-government representatives (17 from private sector and five from stakeholder organizations). Elected officials serve for as long as they hold the public office of mayor or presiding commissioners. Non-governmental members are recommended by MRPC board members and confirmed by the full MRPC board for staggered, three years terms.

The portion of the MRPC bylaws that covers the governing board is attached in the appendixes.

C. Notice to the Public

Notifying the Public of Rights under Title VI

Modifying the Fubile of Rights under Title 41
Meramec Regional Planning Commission (MRPC) posts Title VI notices on or agency's website, in public areas of our agency, in our board room, and on our buses and/or paratransit vehicles.
MRPC operates its programs and services without regard to race, color, or national origin, in accordance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.
If you believe you have been discriminated against on the basis of race, color, o national origin byMRPC, you may file a Title VI complaint by completing, signing, and submitting the agency's Title VI Complaint Form.
How to file a Title VI complaint with:
1. Contact Bonnie Prigge: Telephone-(573)265-2993 Email-bprigge@meramecregion.org Mail- Bonnie Prigge Executive Director, MRPC #4 Industrial Drive St. James, MO 65559 Website: meramecregion.org
In addition to the complaint process atMRPC, complaints may be filed
directly with the Federal Transit Administration, Office of Civil Rights, Region 7_,
901 Locust Street, Suite 404, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; Phone: (816) 329-3920 Fax: (816) 329-3921
Complaints must be filed within 180 days following the date of the alleged discriminatory occurrence and should contain as much detailed information about the alleged discrimination as possible.

3. The form must be signed and dated, and include your contact information.

If information is needed in another language, contact (573) 265-2993.

Title VI Complaint Form

ATTACHMENT 1

D. Procedure for Filing a Title VI Complaint

Filing a Title VI Complaint

The complaint procedures apply to the beneficiaries of	MRPC	's programs,
activities, and services.		
RIGHT TO FILE A COMPLAINT: Any person who believes to	hev have been d	iscriminated against
on the basis of race, color, or national origin by M		
com-plaint by completing and submitting the agency's Tit	le VI Complaint	Form. Title VI
complaints must be received in writing within 180 days of		
HOW TO FILE A COLARY AND THE		
HOW TO FILE A COMPLAINT: Information on how to file a	i Title VI compla	int is posted on our
agency's website, and in public areas of our agency.		
You may download theMRPC Title \	/I Complaint For	m at
www.meramecregion.org, or request a copy by writing #4	Industrial Drive	St. James MO 65559
Information on how to file a Title VI complaint may also b		
Executive Director at [(573) 265-2993].	, , ,	
You may file a signed, dated complaint no more that 180	days from the da	ate of the alleged
incident. The complaint should include:		
- Your name, address and telephone number.		
- Specific, detailed information (how, why and when) abo	ut the alleged ac	t of discrimination
- Any other relevant information, including the names of a	any persons, if k	nown the agency
should contact for clarity of the allegations.	, po. 30113, 11 10	nowin, the agency
,		
Please submit your complaint form to [agency contact and	d full address].	
COMPLAINT ACCEPTANCE. MADDO		.1 .
COMPLAINT ACCEPTANCE: MRPC will pro	cess complaints	that are complete.
Once a completed Title VI Complaint Form is received,	_IVIRPC	will review it to
determine ifMRPC has jurisdiction. The		
acknowledgement letter informing them whether or not t MRPC .	ne complaint wi	il be investigated by
MRPC		
INVESTIGATIONS: MRPC will generally	complete an inve	estigation within 90
days from receipt of a completed complaint form. If more	information is	needed to resolve the
case,MRPC may contact the complaina	nt. Unless a lon	ger period is specified
by MRPC the complainant will have te	n (10) days from	the date of the letter
to send requested information to theMRPC	investigato	or assigned to the
race		<u> </u>

If the requested information is not received within that timeframe the case will be closed. Also, a case can be administratively closed if the complainant no longer wishes to pursue the case.

<u>LETTERS OF CLOSURE OR FINDING</u>: After the Title VI investigator reviews the complaint, the Title VI investigator will issue one of two letters to the complainant: a closure letter or letter of finding (LOF).

- A closure letter summarizes the allegations and states that there was not a Title VI violation and that the case will be closed.
- A Letter of Finding (LOF) summarizes the allegations and provides an explanation of the corrective action taken.

If the complainant disagrees with	MRPC	's determination, the complainant
may request reconsideration by su	bmitting the req	quest in writing to the Title VI investigator
		f closure or letter of finding, stating with
specificity the basis for the recons	ideration. <u>MR</u>	RPC will notify the complainant
of the decision either to accept or	reject the reques	est for reconsideration within ten (10) days.
In cases where reconsideration is g	granted,MRF	RPC will issue a determination
letter to the complainant upon con	mpletion of the re	reconsideration review.

A person may also file a complaint directly with the Federal Transit Administration, at the FTA Office of Civil Rights, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590.

If information is needed in another language, contact <u>Bonnie Prigge, Executive Director</u> at #4 Industrial Drive, St. James MO 6559, or at (573) 265-2993.

E. Monitoring Title VI Complaints, Investigations, Lawsuits and Documenting Evidence of Agency Staff Title VI Training

Title VI Self-Survey Form ATTACHMENT 2

Documenting Title VI Complaints/Investigations

All Title VI complaints will be entered and tracked in __MRPC____'s complaint log. Active investigations will be monitored for timely response on the part of all parties. The agency's Title VI Coordinator shall maintain the log.

Agency Title VI Complaint Log

Date complaint		Basis of complaint	Summary of	Pending status of	Actions	Closure Letter	Letter of Finding	Date of
filed	Complainant	R-C-NO	allegation	complaint	taken	(CL)	(LOF)	CL or LOF
			1					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
					- 77.02	7000		
				3				1
			l li			~		
					3		18	

Documenting Evidence of Agency Staff Title VI Training

MRPC	's staff are given Title VI training, and agency can answer
affirmatively to all the follo	wing questions:

- 1. Are new employees made aware of Title VI responsibilities pertaining to their specific duties?
- 2. Do new employees receive this information via employee orientation?
- 3. Is Title VI information provided to all employees and program applicants?
- 4. Is Title VI information prominently displayed in the agency and on any program materials distributed, as necessary?

10/30/13

F. Public Engagement Plan

Goal

The goal of the Public Engagement Plan is to have significant and ongoing public involvement, by all identified audiences, in the public participation process for major agency outreach efforts.

Objectives

- To understand the service area demographics and determine what non-English languages and other cultural barriers exist to public participation.
- To provide general notification of meetings and forums for public input, in a manner that is understandable to all populations in the area.
- To hold public meetings in locations that are accessible to all area stakeholders, including but not limited to minority and low income members of the community.
- To provide methods for two-way communication and information and input from populations which are less likely to attend meetings.
- To convey the information in various formats to reach all key stakeholder groups.

Identification of Stakeholders

Stakeholders are those who are either directly or indirectly affected by an outreach effort, system or service plan or recommendations of that plan. Stakeholders include but are not limited to the following:

- Board of Directors the governing board of the agency. The role of the Board is to
 establish policy and legislative direction for the agency. The Board defines the agency's
 mission, establishes goals, and approves then budget to accomplish the goals.
- Advisory Bodies non-elected advisory bodies review current and proposed activities of the agency, and are encouraged to be active in the agency's public engagement process.
 Advisory bodies provide insight and feedback to the agency.
- Agency Transit riders and clients
- Minority and low income populations, including limited English proficient persons
- Local jurisdictions and other government stakeholders
- Private businesses and organizations
- Employers
- Partner agencies

Elements of the Public Engagement Plan

It is necessary to establish a public participation plan that includes an outreach plan to engage minority and limited English proficient (LEP) populations.

Elements of the Public Engagement Plan include:

1. Public Notice

a. Official notification of intent to provide opportunity for members of the general public to participate in public engagement plan development, including participation in open Board/council meetings, and advisory committees.

2. Public Engagement Process/Outreach Efforts:

- a. Public meetings
- b. Open houses
- c. Rider forums
- d. Rider outreach
- e. Public hearings
- f. Focus groups
- g. Surveys
- h. Services for the Disabled (Notices of opportunities for public involvement include contact information for people needing these or other special accommodations.)

Events such as public meetings and/or open houses are held at schools, churches, libraries and other non-profit locations easily accessible to public transit and compliant with the Americans with Disabilities Act.

3. Public Comment

- a. Formal public comment periods are used to solicit comments on major public involvement efforts around an agency service or system change.
- b. Comments are accepted through various means:
 - i. Dedicated email address.
 - ii. Website.
 - iii. Regular mail.
 - iv. Forms using survey tool for compilation.
 - v. Videotaping.
 - vi. Phone calls to Customer Service Center [phone]

4. Response to Public Input

All public comments are provided to the Board of Directors prior to decision making. A publicly available summary report is compiled, including all individual comments.

Title VI Outreach Best Practices

	MRPC	ensures all outrea	ich strategies, co	ommunications and public
involv	ement efforts	comply with Title VI	MRPC	's Public Engagement Plan
				es concerted efforts to involve
				olic involvement process. Aligned
				PC provides the
follow				
a.	Public notice:	s published in non-English	publications (if	available).
b.	Title VI non-c	liscrimination notice on a	gency's website	.E 0
C.	Agency comm Harbor paran		nguages other t	han English (subject to Safe
d.		,	persons. Upon a	advance notice, translators may
	be provided.			-, · · · · · ·
	2	015 – 2020 Title VI Progra	am Public Engag	gement Process
	MRPC	will conduct a Publ	ic Engagement f	Process for the 2013-2016 Title VI
Progra				input, provide education, and
				been created to explain Title VI
		ovide education on how t		
	MRPC	will provide briefi	ngs to the Board	d of Directors and Advisory Bodies.
	MRPC	will conduct a 30		
oppor	tunities for fee	edback on the 2013-2016	Title VI Program	i.
Comm	ents are accer	oted during the public out	reach period via	
а.		rea daring the public out	reach period vic	••
b.	Mail			
C.	Phone			
d.	In person			

Summary of 2015-2018 Public Outreach Efforts

The Year 2015 will be the first year for MRPC's Title VI plan.

e. Survey tool (agency option)

Ongoing: Title VI forms are located on MRPC's website (meramecregion.org)
2/15/18 Title VI plan update discussed with Transportation Advisory Committee, MRPC
Operations Committee and MRPC Board

2/15/18: MRPC's Title VI plan update is posted on MRPC website for public review. 3/6/18: Posting of the approved plan and forms on MRPC website.

3/6/18: Facebook post on MRPC's Facebook page about plan availability on MRPC's website

3/6/18: Adopted plan submitted to Missouri Department of Transportation 3/6/18: Final approved plan shared with MRPC board and staff via email.				
3707 10. Final approved plan shared with Wike board and staff via email.				
G. Language Assistance Plan				
MRPC Limited English Proficiency Plan				
This limited English Proficiency (LEP) Plan has been prepared to address MRPC 's responsibilities as a recipient of federal financial assistance as they relate to the needs of individuals with limited language skills. The plan has been prepared in accordance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; Federal Transit Administration Circular 4702.1B, dated October 1, 2012, which states that the level and quality of transportation service is provided without regard to race, color, or national origin.				
Executive order 13166, titled "Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency," indicates that differing treatment based upon a person's inability to speak, read, write or understand English is a type of national origin discrimination. It directs each federal agency to publish guidance for its respective recipients clarifying their obligation to ensure that such discriminations do not take place. This order applies to all state and local agencies which receive federal funds.				
Service Area Description:				
Crawford, Dent, Gasconade, Maries, Osage, Phelps, Pulaski and Washington Counties.				
MRPC has developed this LEP Plan to help identify reasonable steps for providing language assistance to persons with limited English proficiency who wish to access services provided by				
In order to prepare this plan, MRPC undertook the four-factor LEP				

Four Factor Analysis

1. The number and n	roportion of LE	D parcane aligible	to be consed on their to be accepted.
in the service area:	Opol tioll of LE	r persons engible	to be served or likely to be encountered
A significant majority proficient in the Engli	ish language. B	ased on 2010 Cer	egion service area are nsus data,1.3% of the population five
	er speak English	"less than very w	vell" – a definition of limited English
proficiency			
LEP Popu	lation in Mera	mec Region Plan	ning Commission Service Area
Population 5 years			
and over by	Service Area	Percentage of	
language spoken at		Population 5	
home and ability to	Total	Years and	
speak English		Older	
Population 5 Years	189,226	93.9%	
and Over			
Speak English "less	2,400	1.3%	
than very well"			
Spanish			
Speak English "less	1,090	0.6%	
than very well"			
Other Indo-			
European			
Speak English "less	420	0.2%	
than very well"			
Asian and Pacific			
Island			
Speak English "less	760	0.4%	
than very well"			
All Other			
Speak English "less	130	0.1%	
than very well"			
2. Frequency of Conta	act by LEP Perso	ons with MRPC's	Services:
TheMRPC	staff i	reviewed the freque	ency with which office staff, dispatchers and
drivers have, or could h			
average, no requests fo		-	averages <u>0</u> phone calls per
month, as of 2/15/2018			
		LEP Staff Survey	Form

MRPC	is studying the language assistance needs of its riders so that we can
better communicate with them	if needed.

- 1. How often do you come into contact with passengers who do not speak English or have trouble understanding you when you speak English to them? DAILY WEEKLY MONTHLY LESS THAN MONTHLY
- 2. What languages do these passengers speak?
- 3. What languages (other than English) do you understand or speak?
- 4. Would you be willing to serve as a translator when needed?

Frequency of Contact with LEP Persons				
Frequency	Language Spoken by LEP Persons			
Daily	0			
Weekly	0			
Monthly	0			
Less frequently than monthly	0			

3. The importance of programs, activities or services provided by MRPC to LEP persons:

Outreach activities, summarized in MRPC's Title VI Public Engagement Plan, include events such as public meetings and/or open houses held at schools, churches, libraries and other non-profit locations, and include specific outreach to LEP persons to gain under-standing of the needs of the LEP population, and the manner (if at all) needs are addressed.

	Outside Organization LEP Survey
Organi	ization:
2.	What language assistance needs are encountered? What languages are spoken by persons with language assistance needs?
3.	What language assistance efforts are you undertaking to assist persons with language assistance needs?
4.	When necessary, can we use these services?

4. The resources available to and overall cost to provide LEP assistance:

Strategies for Engaging Individuals with Limited English Proficiency include:

- 1. Language line. Upon advance notice, translators can be provided.
- 2. Language identification flashcards.
- 3. Written translations of vital documents (identified via safe harbor provision)
- 4. One-on-one assistance through outreach efforts.
- 5. Website information.

6. To the extent feasible, assign bilingual staff for community events, public hearings and Board of Directors meetings and on the customer service phone lines.
As applicable: Based on our demographic analysis (Factor 1)has determined that no language group(s) within its service area meets Safe Harbor criteria requiring written translated "vital documents" by language group(s). will provide assistance and direction to LEP persons who request assistance.
Staff LEP Training
The following training will be provided to staff: 1. Information on MRPC Title VI Procedures and LEP responsibilities. 2. Description of language assistance services offered to the public. 3. Use of Language Identification Flashcards. 4. Documentation of language assistance requests.
Monitoring and Updating the LEP Plan
The LEP Plan is a component of
 How the needs of LEP persons have been addressed. Determine the current LEP population in the service area. Determine as to whether the need for, and/or extent of, translation services has changed. Determine whether local language assistance programs have been effective and sufficient to meet the needs. Determine whether MRPC's financial resources are sufficient to fund language assistance resources as needed. Determine whether MRPC has fully complied with the goals of this LEP Plan. Determine whether complaints have been received concerning MRPC's failure to meet the needs of LEP individual.

H. Advisory Bodies

Table Depicting Membership of Committees, Councils, By Race

Committee [examples]	Caucasian	Latino	African American	Asian American	Native Indian	Total
MRPC Board	95.2% (59)	0	3.2% (2)	0	1.6% (1)	100%
TAC Advisory Committee	90.8% (22)	0/	4.6% (1)	0	4.6% (1)	100%
						100%

I. Subrecipient Assistance

Subrecipient Assistance

MRPC does not have any subrecipients.

J. Subrecipient Monitoring

Subrecipient Monitoring

MRPC does not have any subrecipients.

K. Equity Analysis of Facilities

<u>MRPC</u> has not constructed any storage facilities, maintenance facilities, or operations centers in the last three years.

Attachment 1

Meramec Regional Planning Commission TITLE VI COMPLAINT FORM

"No person in the United States shall, on the basis of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance."

If you feel that you have been discriminated against in the provision of transportation services, please provide the following information to assist us in processing your complaint. Should you require any assistance in completing this form or need information in alternate formats, please let us know.

Please mail or return this form to:

Bonnie Prigge

Meramec Regional Planning Commission
4 Industrial Drive, St. James Mo. 65559

bprigge@meramecregion.org

Phone: (573) 265-2993 Fax: (573) 265-3550

PLEASE PRINT

1.	Co	mplainant's Name:
	a.	Address:
	b.	City: State: Zip Code:
	c.	Telephone (include area code): Home () or Cell () Work
		() -
	d.	Electronic mail (e-mail) address:
		Do you prefer to be contacted by this e-mail address? () YES () NO
2.		cessible Format of Form Needed? () YES specify: () NO
3.		e you filing this complaint on your own behalf? () YES If YES, please go to question 7.
		NO If no, please go to question 4
4.	lf	you answered NO to question 3 above, please provide your name and address.
	a.	Name of Person Filing Complaint:
	b.	Address:
	c.	City: State: Zipcode:
	d.	Telephone (include area code): Home () or Cell () Work
		() -
	e.	Electronic mail (e-mail) address:
		Do you prefer to be contacted by this e-mail address? () YES () NO
5.	W	nat is your relationship to the person for whom you are filing the complaint?
6.	Ple	ase confirm that you have obtained the permission of the aggrieved party if you are filing on
		half of a third party. () YES, I have permission. () NO, I do not have permission.
7.		elieve that the discrimination I experienced was based on (check all that apply):
		Race () Color () National Origin (classes protected by Title VI)
		Other (please specify)

continued TITLE VI COMPLAINT FORM - PAGE 2

8.	Date of Alleged Discrimination (Month, Day, Year):
9.	Where did the Alleged Discrimination take place?
10.	Explain as clearly as possible what happened and why you believe that you were discriminated against. Describe all of the persons that were involved. Include the name and contact information of the person(s) who discriminated against you (if known). Use the back of this form or separate pages if additional space is required.
	Please list any and all witnesses' names and phone numbers/contact information. Use the back of this form or separate pages if additional space is required.
12.	What type of corrective action would you like to see taken?
	Have you filed a complaint with any other Federal, State, or local agency, or with any Federal or State court? () YES If yes, check all that apply. () NO a. () Federal Agency (List agency's name) b. () Federal Court (Please provide location) c. () State Court d. () State Agency (Specify Agency) e. () County Court (Specify Court and County) f. () Local Agency (Specify Agency)
14;	If YES to question 14 above, please provide information about a contact person at the agency/court where the complaint was filed.
	Name: Title:
	Agency: Telephone: () -
	Address:
	City: State: Zip Code:
	may attach any written materials or other information that you think is relevant to your complaint. ature and date is required:
Sign	ature Date
lf ye	ou completed Questions 4, 5 and 6, your signature and date is required:
Sign	ature

Attachment 2

Title VI Self-Survey Form

	Date filed with MoDOT Transit Section:
	DATE
Survey Date:	

A. Summary of Complaints:

Name of Program/Grant:

Period Covered:

- B. Number of complaints for the period:
- C. Number of complaints voluntarily resolved:
- D. Number complaints currently unresolved:
- E. Attach a summary of any type of complaint and provide:
 - Name of complainant
 - Race
 - Allegation
 - Findings
 - Corrective Action
 - Identify any policy/procedure changes made as a result of the complaint.
 - Provide the date history (date complaint received through resolution)

continued

Title VI Self-Survey Form – Page 2

Distribution of Title VI Information

 Are new employees made aware of the Title VI responsibilities pertaining to their specific duties?
YES NO
2. Do new employees receive this information via employee orientation?
YES NO
3. Is Title VI information provided to all employees and program applicants?
YES NO
4. Is Title VI information prominently displayed in the organization and on relevant program materials?
YES NO
 Identify any improvements you have implemented since the last self-survey to support Title VI communication to employees and program applicants.
6. Identify any improvements you plan to implement before the next self-survey to support Title VI communication to employees and program applicants.
7. Identify any problems encountered with Title VI compliance, and discuss possible remedies.
Signature:
Title:
Date:

Attachment 3

MRPC Bylaws Pertaining to Governing Board

ARTICLE IV

Organization of the Commission

4.1 The membership of the Commission shall be composed of representatives from the municipal and county governments which are now or which may be found in the future within the counties of Crawford, Dent, Gasconade, Maries, Osage, Phelps, Pulaski and Washington. Each of the municipal or county governing bodies shall be entitled to one representative who shall have one vote. Member county governing bodies are entitled to one additional at-large representative of for-profit entities appointed by the presiding commissioner with concurrence from the MRPC board.

Membership is obtained by resolution or other appropriate action of the relevant governing body and by payment of dues.

There shall also be at large representatives on the Commission in accordance with EDA Section 303.4-1 of Economic Development Administration Regulations.

No member shall control more than 10 percent of the vote.

At no time shall there be less than 25 members.

Each of the following constituencies shall be represented by one "at large" representative:

Education (Higher Education Preferred)

Emergency Management

Farming

Industry

Labor

Minorities

People with Disabilities

Private Sector Lending Institutions

Seniors

Small Business

Tourism

Unemployed

Transportation

Healthcare

In addition, each member county governing body shall appoint one at-large representative from a for-profit entity from his/her respective county, for a total of eight at-large, for-profit representatives.

The Commission will strive to maintain minority representation on the board that is equal to or greater than the minority population in the region, based on the latest decennial census.

Each at large commissioner shall have one vote.

At least 35 percent of the membership of the Commission shall be persons who are non-government affiliated in accordance with the provisions of EDA regulations.

The board must include at least one member to represent the following areas: private sector, post-secondary education, workforce development, labor and chamber executive director.

The Commissioners for Farming, Industry and Small Business shall be elected at the regular meeting of the Commission in May 1979 and every three years thereafter.

The Commissioners for Education, Minorities, and Unemployed shall be elected at the regular meeting of the Commission in May 1979, in May 1981 and thence every third year.

The Commissioners for Seniors and Labor will be elected at the regular meeting of the Commission in May 1979, again in May 1980 and thence every third year.

The Commissioners for Tourism and People with Disabilities shall be elected at the regular meeting of the Commission in May 1986 and thence every third year.

The Commissioner for Private Sector Lending Institutions will be elected at the regular meeting of the Commission in July 1993, again in May 1996 and thence every third year.

The Commissioner for Emergency Management will be elected at the regular meeting of the Commission in August 1996, again in May 1999 and thence every third year.

The Commissioner for Transportation will be elected at the regular meeting of the Commission in March 2003, again in May 2006 and thence every third year.

The Commissioner for Healthcare will be elected at the regular meeting of the Commission in December 2012 with the first appointee to serve a 16-month term and all terms thereafter will be three-year terms to be elected every third year.

The eight Commissioners for For-Profit Entities shall be appointed by each of the eight member presiding commissioners, one representing each member county, made effective December 2012 with the first appointees serving 16-month terms. Beginning in May 2014 the For-Profit At-Large Commissioners from Crawford, Dent and Gasconade counties will serve one-year terms and then in May 2015 those terms will go to three year terms to be elected every third year.

Beginning in May 2014 the For-Profit At-Large Commissioners from Maries, Osage and Phelps counties will serve two-year terms and then in May 2016 those terms will go to three year terms to be elected every third year.

Beginning in May 2014 the For-Profit At-Large Commissioners from Pulaski and Washington counties will serve three year terms to be elected every third year. Each presiding commissioner will be responsible for nominating an at-large, for-profit member to represent his/her respective county, with concurrence from the MRPC board, beginning in December 2012.

At large representatives will be elected in accordance with the provisions of Article VII, Section 2-- Conduct of Elections.

At large representatives shall have the same rights and privileges as any other members of the Commission.

Commissioners at large accumulating three consecutive unexcused absences from regularly scheduled meetings shall be removed from the board and the board will nominate and elect a new member to fulfill the remainder of the term and to represent that segment of the community. To request an excused absence, the chairman must be contacted in writing.

Attachment 4

Demographic and Economic Information By County For the Meramec Region

UM Extension Social and Economic Profile Crawford County, MO

Subject	Crawford Number	County Percent	Missouri
Total Population Trends	770111001	TOTOGITE	- 43 3
1990	19,173	1500	5,117,07
2000	22,804		5,595,21
2010	24,696		5,988,92
2014	24,650		6,063,589
Projections	21,000		0,000,26.
2020	26,561		6,389,850
2030	27,895		6,746,76
Change, 1990-2000			0,140,70
Number	3,631		478,138
Percent	18.9		9.
Change, 2000-2010	.0.5		
Number	1,892		393,716
Percent	8.3		7.0
Change, 2010-2014	0.0		7.0
Number	-46		74,662
Percent	-0.2		1.2
Natural Increase	-0.5		1.4
1990-2000	613		219,553
2000-2010	601		239,495
2010-2014	-13		84,633
Net Migration			07,052
1990-2000	3,018		258,585
2000-2010	1,310		152,868
2010-2014	-46		-8,048
Population by Select Age Cohorts, 2014 (July 1 estimates)			*0,0+0
Total Population	24,650		6,063,589
Under 5	1,503	6.1	6.2
5 to 17	4,313	17.5	16.9
18 to 24	1,862	7.6	9.7
25 to 34	2,835	11.5	13.2
35 to 54	6,319	25.6	25.6
55 to 64	3,433	13.9	13.0
65 to 84	3,935	16.0	13.3
85 and Older	450	8.1	2.1
65 and Older	4,385	17.8	15.4
Under 18	5,816	23.6	23.0
Population by Race and Ethnicity, 2014 (July 1 estimates)	3610	25.0	20,0
White alone	24,001	97.4	83.5
Black alone	113	0.5	8.11
Am Indian and Alaska Native alone	119	0.5	0.5
Asian and Pacific Islander alone	105	0.5	2.1
MultiRacial	312	1.3	2.1
Hispanic	432	1.8	4.0
NonHispanic	24,218	98.2	96.0

Subject	Crawford Number	County Percent	Missouri
Households by Type, 2010 (Census) ACS			
Total Households	9,193		2,353,778
Families	6,353	69.1	64.9
Married Couples	5,111	52.0	48.4
Married Couple w Own Children < 18	1,805	18.4	18.9
Single Mothers	621	6.3	7.1
Non-family HHs	3,119	31.7	34.7
Persons Living Alone	2,599	26.4	28.3
Unmarried Partner Households	740	7.5	6.7
Same Sex Partners	61	0.6	0.6
Average Household Size	2.48		2.45
Housing Data, 2010 (Census) ACS			
Total Housing Units	11,955		2,712,729
Occupied Units	9,831	82.2	87.6
Vacant Units	2,124	17.8	12.4
Vacancy Rate for Owner Units	2.4		2.6
Vacancy Rate for Rental Units	10.3		11.1
Total Housing Units (latest estimate), 2014	11,918		2,735,742
Population by Place Category, 2014			
Living in incorporated places of 2500+ population	3,383	13.7	59.0
Living in incorporated places of less than 2500	5,308	21.5	7.1
Living in an unincorporated area	15,959	64.7	34.0
Other 2010 Population Items			
Persons Per Square Mile	33	28.50,50700	87
Females	12,405	50.2	51.0
Living in Group Quarters	332	1.3	2.9

Subject	Crawford Number	•	Missouri
Income & Poverty Data from the American Communi		Percent	
Median Household Income			
	\$38,511		\$46,640
Average Household Income	\$48,999		\$63,090
Median Family Income	\$45,354		\$58,626
Average Family Income	\$53,228		\$75,169
Per Capita Income	\$18,906		\$25,332
Persons Below Poverty	5,201	21.4	16.0
Children Below Poverty	1,738	29.8	22.3
Travel to Work Data from the ACS ACS			
Workers 16+ Who Commute to Work	8,993		2,625,653
Drive Alone to work	7,085	75.4	81.4
Take Public Transportation	0	0.0	1.4
Walk to Work	175	1.9	2.0
Work at Home	398	4.2	4.2
Average Commuting Time	27		23
Educational Attainment from the ACS ACS			- 1704
Persons Age 25+ (Universe for this table)	16,783		4,027,255
Less than 9th Grade	1.542	9.2	3.8
Some High School	1,913	11.4	8.1
High School Grad (or GED)	6.353	37.9	31.5
Some College (no degree)	3,398	20.2	22.8
Associates Degree	1,221	7.3	7.3
Bachelors Degree or More	2,356	14.0	26.5

Subject	Crawford Number	County Percent	Missouri
Total Full-time and Part-time employment (BEA), 2013			
Total Employment	11,430		3,579,873
Manufacturing	2,131	18.6	7.4
Retail Trade	1,195	10.5	10.4
Construction	870	7.6	5.1
Local government	834	7.3	7.7
Real estate and rental and leasing	657	5.7	3.8
Farm employment	632	5.5	2.8
Accommodation and food services	613	5.4	7.1
Administrative and waste services	404	3.5	5.6
Finance and insurance	372	3.3	5.4
Professional and technical services	349	3.1	5.5
Unemployment Data (BLS/MERIC) January/2015			
Unemployed (Persons/Rate)	827	7.5	6.1
Previous Month	733	6.7	5.1
Previous Year	1,018	9.4	7.1
Personal Income (BEA definition), 2013			
Total Personal Income (in thousands)	\$834,184		\$245,771,389
Personal current transfer receipts	232,111	27.8	19.4
Dividends, interest, and rent	120,174	14.4	18.2
Retail Trade	116,482	14.0	4.6
Manufacturing	106,041	12.7	7.6
Local government	38,181	4.6	6.3
Construction	28,449	3.4	4.2

Subject	Crawford Number	County Percent	Missouri
Agricultural/Farm Indicators, 2012 (\$ amounts in thousands)	AG prof	<u>île</u>	
Total Number of Farms	679		99,171
Market Value of Ag Products Sold	\$15,204		\$9,164,886
Ag Farm Production Expenses	\$17,606		\$8,290,499
Net Farm Income	\$-2,402		\$874,387
Distribution of Farms by Sales Category			
Under \$10,000	405	59.6	53.2
\$10,000 to \$49,999	210	30.9	26.9
\$50,000 to \$99,999	0	0.0	
\$100,000 or more	31	4.6	12.5
Children and Families			
Students enrolled in free & reduced lunch program, 2013	2,106	61.9	49.8
Low birthweight infants (count/per 1000), 2009-2013	119	8.3	8.0
Child abuse and neglect (count/per 1000), 2013	351	60.6	40.8
Births to Teens Aged 15-19 (count/per 1000), 2013	33	44.7	30.0
Food stamp recipients (kids), 2013	2,852	49.2	36.9
Children enrolled in MC+/Medicaid, 2013	2,752	47.5	36.8
Overall Kids Count composite rank (out of 115), 2013	75		
			The State of

** See very latest unemployment data for Missouri and its counties at MERIC Local Area Unemployment Statistics page.

For information and links regarding data sources used in this report see the <u>sources</u> metadata page for this application.

Recent updates to these reports:

• 6-30-15:

Updated all the data regarding place-level pops to 2014 vintage.

Updated total housing unit estimates to 2014 vintage.

Updated estimates by age and by race/hispanic to 2014 vintage.

Update the Agricultural/Farm Indicators to 2012 (Ag Census) . Added link to 2012 county profile from USDA.

4-15-15:

Latest pop estimate and change/natural increase/net migration since 2010 updated to use 2014 estimate.

BEA economic data on employment and income updated to 2013 vintage.

All ACS-based tables (income, poverty, educational attainment, etc.) updated to vintage 2013.

Children and families data (from the Kids Count database) updated to 2014 cycle.

Produced by: University of Missouri Extension, Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA)
Return to Main Menu

Access the data used in this report (for all counties and the state) via **<u>Dexter</u>**. Access other data applications for this county via **applinks**.

Questions, comments and suggestions are welcome and hould be addressed to Glenn Rice at OSEDA

Produced by entypage 15.sas, rev. 04-13-151

This request took 0.33 seconds of real time (v9.2 build 1495).

Summary of Social and Economic Indicators for Crawford County

Note: The latest ACS period estimates for this county and the state are based on surveys taken during the 3-year period 2010_2012.

Population Change Since 2010. Over the period from 2010 to 2013, **Crawford County**'s population decreased by **153**, going from **24,696** in 2010 to **24,543** in 2013. This was a change of **-0.6** percent, compared to a **0.9** percent change for the state. (See Table for trends over previous two decades.)

County had 41 more deaths than births between 2010 and 2013. *Net migration* is the difference between the number of people who moved into an area and the number of people who moved out. A negative net migration means a net loss of persons due to migration (more out-movers than in-movers), while a positive value represents a net gain. Between 2010 and 2013, the county had an estimated net migration of -138. (See Table for trends over previous two decades.)

Age. In 2013, an estimated 17.5 percent of county residents were 65 and older compared to 15.0 percent statewide. At the same time, the Census Bureau estimated that young people (under 18) made up 23.6 percent of the county's population, compared to 23.2 percent for the state.

Racial Diversity. The 2013 vintage estimates from the Census Bureau indicate that 97.5 percent of the population in the county was White (23,935 persons), while the estimated Black population was 93 (0.4%). The same set of estimates indicated there were 99 Asians (0.4%) and 119 American Indians (0.5%). (These are all "race alone" figures.) *Hispanic* is not considered to be a race by the Census Bureau/OMB, but rather a separate ethnic category. In 2013, an estimated 412 Hispanic persons (1.7%) were living in the county, compared to a statewide figure of 3.9%.

Households and Families. There were 9,580 households in the county according to the 2010 decennial census. Of these 6,700 were classified as family households (69.9%), compared with 65.1% for the state. More specifically, 18.4 percent of Crawford County households were "traditional" families (married couples with children under 18), which compared with 18.9% of all households in the state. The 621 single mothers accounted for 6.3% of all households in the county, compared to 7.1% in the state.

Housing. Offical Census Bureau estimates for 2013 indicate there were approximately 11,877 housing units in the County. The homeownership rate in 2010 (per the decennial census) was 72.0 percent compared to 68.8 percent statewide. The county vacancy rate in 2010 was 17.8, compared with the statewide rate of 12.4.

Incorporated Places of Residence. Sub-county estimates for 2013 indicate that 13.7 percent of the county's population lived in incorporated places of 2,500 or more. Those living in smaller places (i.e. cities) accounted for 21.5 percent of the county's population, with 64.8 percent living in unincorporated areas.

Income and Poverty per ACS. (All \$ figures are in 2012 dollars.) The median household income for the county is \$35,122. This is 23.8% below the statewide median of \$46,068. The median family income for the county is \$42,263. This is 27.2% below the statewide median of \$58,060. 5,385 persons in the county had incomes below the federal poverty level; the poverty rate was 22.1%.

For children under 18 the rate was **29.9**. This compares to a statewide overall poverty rate of **15.7**% and a child poverty rate of **21.8**%.

Unemployment / Jobs by Sector. The November, 2013 unemployment rate (per the Bureau of Labor Statistics, preliminary and not seasonally adjusted) was **6.3** percent, compared with **5.5%** statewide and **7.3%** a year earlier.

According to Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) estimates, in 2012 there were 10,953 jobs in Crawford County. Manufacturing accounted for 16.3 percent of the total jobs (1,785). Other sectors with significant employment included:

- Retail Trade (1,191)
- Construction (881)
- Local government (844)
- Other services, except public administration (746)

County Income Patterns per BEA. The BEA estimates indicate that Crawford County generated over \$807.7 million dollars of total personal income in 2012. Per capita income was \$32,527, compared with \$39,133 for Missouri. Significant sources of income were:

- Personal current transfer receipts: \$231.2 million (28.6%);
- Dividends, interest, and rent: \$112.8 million (14.0%);
- Retail Trade: \$100.4 million (12.4%);
- Manufacturing: \$92.6 million (11.5%)

Educational Attainment. The latest ACS estimates show that of residents aged 25 and over about 19.5 percent (3,288) were college graduates, compared to . percent statewide. An additional 3,477 had some college education (20.6%) compared with 22.8 percent of all Missourians (over the age of 25.)

Families and Children.

- In 2012, 60.8 percent of children in Crawford County were enrolled in the free and reduced lunch program, compared to 49.4 percent statewide.
- Kids Count indicators show that **8.2** percent of the infants born over the period from 2008 to 2012 were low birth weight infants. The number of births to teenage mothers was **40.5** per 1,000 girls, compared to **32.2** statewide.
- The 2013 annual Kids Count report had **Crawford County** ranked **52** out of 114 counties + St. Louis City in the state based on an array of child well-being indicators.

Note(s):

- Additional data indicators created for this report are available via the <u>Uexplore/Dexter</u> extraction application.
- Excel file with current place population (see tabs: 1-Cities Alpha or 2-Cities by County)
- Report produced by the Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA), U. of Missouri.
- Report generated on 07JUL14 at 10:51.

UM Extension Social and Economic Profile Dent County, MO

Subject	Dent C	ounty	Missouri	
	Number	Percent	MISSOURI	
Total Population Trends				
1990	13,702		5,117,07	
2000	14,927		5,595,21	
2010	15,657		5,988,92	
2014	15,655		6,063,58	
Projections	,,,,,		4,000,00	
2020	15,446		6,389,850	
2030	15,694		6,746,76	
Change, 1990-2000			4, 10,10	
Number	1,225		478,13	
Percent	8.9		9.:	
Change, 2000-2010				
Number	730		393,710	
Percent	4.9		7.0	
Change, 2010-2014			7.0	
Number	-2		74,662	
Percent	-0.0-		T.2	
Natural Increase	0,0		* ***	
1990-2000	-141		219,553	
2000-2010	-61		239,495	
2010-2014	-59		84,633	
Net Migration			01,050	
1990-2000	1,366		258,585	
2000-2010	792		152,868	
2010-2014	65		-8,048	
Population by Select Age Cohorts, 2014 (July 1 estimates)			O,O IC	
Total Population	15,655		6,063,589	
Under 5	921	5.9	6.2	
5 to 17	2,642	16.9	16.9	
18 to 24	1,209	7.7	9.7	
25 to 34	1,675	10.7	13.2	
35 to 54	3,804	24.3	25.6	
55 to 64	2,229	14.2	13.0	
65 to 84	2,772	17.7	13.3	
85 and Older	403	2.6	2.1	
65 and Older	3,175	20.3	15.4	
Under 18	3,563	22.8	23.0	
Population by Race and Ethnicity, 2014 (July 1 estimates)	5,05	22.0	23.0	
White alone	14.004	0.50		
Black alone	14,994	95.8	83.5	
Am Indian and Alaska Native alone	91	0.6	11.8	
Asian and Pacific Islander alone	158	1.0	0.5	
MultiRacial	146	0.9	2.1	
Hispanic	266	1.7	2.1	
NonHispanic	213	1,4	4.0	
топтырище	15,442	98.6	96.0	

Out to a	Dent C	ounty		
Subject	Number	Percent	Missouri	
Households by Type, 2010 (Census) ACS				
Total Households	5,858		2,353,778	
Families	4,217	72.0	64.9	
Married Couples	3,452	54.5	48.4	
Married Couple w Own Children < 18	1,190	18.8	18.9	
Single Mothers	317	5.0	7.1	
Non-family HHs	1,972	31.1	34.7	
Persons Living Alone	1,682	26.5	28.3	
Unmarried Partner Households	382	6.0	6.7	
Same Sex Partners	35	0.6	0.6	
Average Household Size	2.44		2.45	
Housing Data, 2010 (Census) ACS				
Total Housing Units	7,285		2,712,729	
Occupied Units	6,338	87.0	87.6	
Vacant Units	947	13.0	12.4	
Vacancy Rate for Owner Units	1.7		2.6	
Vacancy Rate for Rental Units	7.3		11.1	
Total Housing Units (latest estimate), 2014	7,242		2,735,742	
Population by Place Category, 2014				
Living in incorporated places of 2500+ population	5,005	32.0	59.0	
Living in incorporated places of less than 2500	171	1.1	7.1	
Living in an unincorporated area	10,479	66.9	34.0	
Other 2010 Population Items				
Persons Per Square Mile	21		87	
Females	7,891	50.4	51.0	
Living in Group Quarters	202	1.3	2.9	

Subject	Dent C	Dent County	
Subject	Number	Percent	Missouri
Income & Poverty Data from the American Commun	ity Survey ACS		
Median Household Income	\$36,311		\$46,640
Average Household Income	\$45,967		\$63,090
Median Family Income	\$42,356	***	\$58,626
Average Family Income	\$53,413		\$75,169
Per Capita Income	\$18,544		\$25,332
Persons Below Poverty	3,205	20.9	16.0
Children Below Poverty	1,040	30.4	22.3
Travel to Work Data from the ACS ACS			
Workers 16+ Who Commute to Work	5,600		2,625,653
Drive Alone to work	4,959	86.0	81.4
Take Public Transportation	0	0.0	1.4
Walk to Work	64	1.1	2.0
Work at Home	168	2.9	4.2
Average Commuting Time	24		23
Educational Attainment from the ACS ACS	r a su Vina		
Persons Age 25+ (Universe for this table)	10,851		4,027,255
Less than 9th Grade	1,213	11.2	3.8
Some High School	1,300	12.0	8.1
High School Grad (or GED)	4,111	37.9	31.5
Some College (no degree)	2,327	21.4	22.8
Associates Degree	667	6.1	7.3
Bachelors Degree or More	1.233	11.4	26.5

Subject	Dent C	Dent County	
Subject	Number	Percent	Missouri
Total Full-time and Part-time employment (BEA), 2013			
Total Employment	6,921		3,579,873
Local government	779	11.3	7.7
Health care and social assistance	759	11.0	11.9
Retail Trade	728	10.5	10.4
Manufacturing	706	10.2	7.4
Farm employment	588	8.5	2.8
Other services, except public administration	524	7.6	5.8
Wholesale trade	422	6.1	3.€
Accommodation and food services	385	5.6	7.1
Construction	350	5.1	5.1
Finance and insurance	278	4.0	5.4
Real estate and rental and leasing	261	3.8	3.8
Administrative and waste services	163	2.4	5.6
Forestry, fishing, related activities, and other 7/	161	2.3	0.4
Professional and technical services	148	2.1	5.5
Unemployment Data (BLS/MERIC) January/2015			
Unemployed (Persons/Rate)	422	6.9	6.1
Previous Month	362	5.9	5.1
Previous Year	471	7.7	7.1
Personal Income (BEA definition), 2013			
Total Personal Income (in thousands)	\$477,297		\$245,771,389
Personal current transfer receipts	158,498	33.2	19.4
Dividends, interest, and rent	79,426	16.6	18.2
Manufacturing	42,388	8.9	7.6
Local government	37,998	8.0	6.3
Wholesale trade	24,819	5.2	3.9
Retail Trade	20,771	4.4	4.0
Health care and social assistance	18,233	3.8	8.8
Other services, except public administration	14,307	3.0	2.8
Finance and insurance	11,221	2.4	4.6
Construction	10,450	2.2	4.2

Subject		Dent County	
	Number	Percent	Missouri
Agricultural/Farm Indicators, 2012 (\$ amounts in thousands)	AG prof	file	
Total Number of Farms	673		99,171
Market Value of Ag Products Sold	\$17,349		\$9,164,886
Ag Farm Production Expenses	\$19,578		\$8,290,499
Net Farm Income	\$-2,229		\$874,387
Distribution of Farms by Sales Category			
Under \$10,000	362	53.8	53.2
\$10,000 to \$49,999	228	33.9	26.9
\$50,000 to \$99,999	0	0.0	
\$100,000 or more	34	5.1	12.5
Children and Families			
Students enrolled in free & reduced lunch program, 2013	1,168	64.4	49.8
Low birthweight infants (count/per 1000), 2009-2013	65	7,2	8.0
Child abuse and neglect (count/per 1000), 2013	176	48.7	40.8
Births to Teens Aged 15-19 (count/per 1000), 2013	30	65.5	30.0
Food stamp recipients (kids), 2013	1,694	46.9	36.9
Children enrolled in MC+/Medicaid, 2013	2,015	55.8	36.8
Overall Kids Count composite rank (out of 115), 2013	98		

For information and links regarding data sources used in this report see the <u>sources</u> metadata page for this application.

Recent updates to these reports:

• 6-30-15:

Updated all the data regarding place-level pops to 2014 vintage.

Updated total housing unit estimates to 2014 vintage.

Updated estimates by age and by race/hispanic to 2014 vintage.

Update the Agricultural/Farm Indicators to 2012 (Ag Census) . Added link to 2012 county profile from USDA.

• 4-15-15:

Latest pop estimate and change/natural increase/net migration since 2010 updated to use 2014 estimate.

BEA economic data on employment and income updated to 2013 vintage.

All ACS-based tables (income, poverty, educational attainment, etc.) updated to vintage 2013.

Children and families data (from the Kids Count database) updated to 2014 cycle.

Produced by: University of Missouri Extension, Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA)
Return to Main Menu

Access the data used in this report (for all counties and the state) via **Dexter**. Access other data applications for this county via **applinks**.

Questions, comments and suggestions are welcome and hould be addressed to Glenn Rice at OSEDA

Produced by entypage 15.sas, rev. 04-13-15

This request took 0.33 seconds of real time (v9.2 build 1495).

Summary of Social and Economic Indicators for Dent County

Note: The latest ACS period estimates for this county are based on surveys taken during the 5-year period **2008_2012** (but the state estimates are for 3-year period 2010_2012). This needs to be considered when comparing county vs. state indic ators.

Population Change Since 2010. Over the period from 2010 to 2013, **Dent County**'s population increased by 73, going from 15,657 to 15,730. This was a change of 0.5 percent, compared to a 0.9 percent change for the state. (See Table for trends over previous two decades.)

Components of Change Since 2010. Natural Increase is defined as births minus deaths. Dent County had 42 more deaths than births between 2010 and 2013. Net migration is the difference between the number of people who moved into an area and the number of people who moved out. A negative net migration means a net loss of persons due to migration (more out-movers than in-movers), while a positive value represents a net gain. Between 2010 and 2013, the county had an estimated net migration of 116. (See Table for trends over previous two decades.)

Age. In 2013, an estimated 19.8 percent of county residents were 65 and older compared to 15.0 percent statewide. At the same time, the Census Bureau estimated that young people (under 18) made up 23.0 percent of the county's population, compared to 23.2 percent for the state.

Racial Diversity. The 2013 vintage estimates from the Census Bureau indicate that 96.1 percent of the population in the county was White (15,124 persons), while the estimated Black population was 90 (0.6%). The same set of estimates indicated there were 104 Asians (0.7%) and 151 American Indians (1.0%). (These are all "race alone" figures.) *Hispanic* is not considered to be a race by the Census Bureau/OMB, but rather a separate ethnic category. In 2013, an estimated 210 Hispanic persons (1.3%) were living in the county, compared to a statewide figure of 3.9%.

Households and Families. There were 5,927 households in the county according to the 2010 decennial census. Of these 4,195 were classified as family households (70.8%), compared with 65.1% for the state. More specifically, 18.8 percent of **Dent County** households were "traditional" families (married couples with children under 18), which compared with 18.9% of all households in the state. The 317 single mothers accounted for 5.0% of all households in the county, compared to 7.1% in the state.

Housing. Offical Census Bureau estimates for 2013 indicate there were approximately 7,201 housing units in the County. The homeownership rate in 2010 (per the decennial census) was 74.2 percent compared to 68.8 percent statewide. The county vacancy rate in 2010 was 13.0, compared with the statewide rate of 12.4.

Incorporated Places of Residence. Sub-county estimates for 2013 indicate that **31.8** percent of the county's population lived in incorporated places of 2,500 or more. Those living in smaller places (i.e. cities) accounted for **1.1** percent of the county's population, with **67.1** percent living in unincorporated areas.

Income and Poverty per ACS. (All \$ figures are in 2012 dollars.) The median household income for the county is \$36,288. The median family income for the county is \$44,457.

2,967 persons in the county had incomes below the federal poverty level; the poverty rate was 19.4%. For children under 18 the rate was 28.5. This compares to a statewide overall poverty rate of 15.7%

and a child poverty rate of **21.8%**. (Note that the Missouri rates are based on a 3-year period, while the county rate is based on a 5-year period).

Unemployment / Jobs by Sector. The November, 2013 unemployment rate (per the Bureau of Labor Statistics, preliminary and not seasonally adjusted) was **6.2** percent, compared with **5.5%** statewide and **7.1%** a year earlier.

According to Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) estimates, in 2012 there were 6,630 jobs in **Dent County**. **Retail Trade** accounted for 11.9 percent of the total jobs (789). Other sectors with significant employment included:

- Local government (781)
- Manufacturing (702)
- Farm employment (603)
- Other services, except public administration (481)

County Income Patterns per BEA. The BEA estimates indicate that Dent County generated over \$454.7 million dollars of total personal income in 2012. Per capita income was \$29,061, compared with \$39,133 for Missouri. Significant sources of income were:

- Personal current transfer receipts: \$153.8 million (33.8%);
- Dividends, interest, and rent: \$70.6 million (15.5%);
- Manufacturing: \$43.1 million (9.5%);
- Local government: \$37.0 million (8.1%)

Educational Attainment. The latest ACS estimates show that of residents aged 25 and over about 17.8 percent (1,933) were college graduates, compared to percent statewide. An additional 2,399 had some college education (22.1%) compared with 22.8 percent of all Missourians (over the age of 25.)

Families and Children.

- In 2012, 62.3 percent of children in **Dent County** were enrolled in the free and reduced lunch program, compared to 49.4 percent statewide.
- Kids Count indicators show that 8.1 percent of the infants born over the period from 2008 to 2012 were low birth weight infants. The number of births to teenage mothers was 29.3 per 1,000 girls, compared to 32.2 statewide.
- The 2013 annual Kids Count report had **Dent County** ranked **68** out of 114 counties + St. Louis City in the state based on an array of child well-being indicators.

- Additional data indicators created for this report are available via the **Uexplore/Dexter** extraction application.
- Excel file with current place population (see tabs: 1-Cities Alpha or 2-Cities by County)
- Report produced by the Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA), U. of Missouri.
- Report generated on 07JUL14 at 10:51.

UM Extension Social and Economic Profile Gasconade County, MO

Subject	Gasconad	e County	Missouri
-	Number	Percent	MISSOURI
Total Population Trends			
1990	14,006		5,117,073
2000	15,342		5,595,21
2010	15,222		5,988,92
2014	14,866		6,063,589
Projections			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
2020	15,890		6,389,850
2030	15,921		6,746,762
Change, 1990-2000			7
Number	1,336		478,138
Percent	9.5	- 6	9.3
Change, 2000-2010			
Number	-120		393,716
Percent	-0.8		7.0
Change, 2010-2014			
Number	-356		74,662
Percent	-2.3	4-7	1.2
Natural Increase			
1990-2000	-219		219,553
2000-2010	-325		239,495
2010-2014	-213		84,633
Net Migration			
1990-2000	1,555		258,585
2000-2010	197		152,868
2010-2014	-113		-8,048
Population by Select Age Cohorts, 2014 (July 1 estimates)			
Total Population	14,866		6,063,589
Under 5	743	5.0	6.2
5 to 17	2,385	16.0	16.9
18 to 24	1,090	7.3	9.7
25 to 34	1,462	9.8	13.2
35 to 54	3,680	24.8	25.6
55 to 64	2,292	15.4	13.0
65 to 84	2,709	18.2	13.3
85 and Older	505	3,4	2.1
65 and Older	3,214	21.6	15.4
Under 18	3,128	21.0	23.0
Population by Race and Ethnicity, 2014 (July 1 estimates)			
White alone	14,508	97.6	83.5
Black alone	66	0.4	11.8
Am Indian and Alaska Native alone	42	0.3	0.5
Asian and Pacific Islander alone	76	0.5	2.1
MultiRacial	174	1.2	2.1
Hispanic	204	1,4	4,0
NonHispanic	14,662	98.6	96.0

Subject	Gasconado Number	County Percent	Missouri
Households by Type, 2010 (Census) ACS			***************************************
Total Households	6,168		2,353,778
Families	4,103	66.5	64.9
Married Couples	3,433	54.9	48.4
Married Couple w Own Children < 18	1,139	18.2	18.9
Single Mothers	275	4.4	7.1
Non-family HHs	2,008	32.1	34.7
Persons Living Alone	1,744	27.9	28.3
Unmarried Partner Households	379	6.1	6.7
Same Sex Partners	36	0.6	0.6
Average Household Size	2.40		2.45
Housing Data, 2010 (Census) ACS			
Total Housing Units	8,205		2,712,729
Occupied Units	6,250	76.2	87.6
Vacant Units	1,955	23.8	12.4
Vacancy Rate for Owner Units	3.4		2.6
Vacancy Rate for Rental Units	14.3		11.1
Total Housing Units (latest estimate), 2014	8,131		2,735,742
Population by Place Category, 2014			
Living in incorporated places of 2500+ population	2,626	17.7	59.0
Living in incorporated places of less than 2500	3,660	24.6	7,1
Living in an unincorporated area	8,580	57.7	34.0
Other 2010 Population Items			
Persons Per Square Mile	29		87
Females	7,763	51.0	51.0
Living in Group Quarters	250	1.6	2.9

Subject	Gasconad	Gasconade County	
Subject	Number	Percent	Missouri
Income & Poverty Data from the American Community Surve	y ACS		
Median Household Income	\$41,392		\$46,640
Average Household Income	\$51,822		\$63,090
Median Family Income	\$52,579		\$58,626
Average Family Income	\$62,752		\$75,169
Per Capita Income	\$21,830		\$25,332
Persons Below Poverty	2,175	14.8	16.0
Children Below Poverty	794	25.4	22.3
Travel to Work Data from the ACS ACS			
Workers 16+ Who Commute to Work	6,172		2,625,653
Drive Alone to work	5,100	77.5	81.4
Take Public Transportation	16	0.2	1.4
Walk to Work	108	1.6	2.0
Work at Home	408	6.2	4.2
Average Commuting Time	27		23
Educational Attainment from the ACS ACS			
Persons Age 25+ (Universe for this table)	10,759		4,027,255
Less than 9th Grade	696	6.5	3.8
Some High School	1.009	9.4	8.1
High School Grad (or GED)	4,720	43.9	31.5
Some College (no degree)	1.870	17.4	22,8
Associates Degree	809	7.5	7.3
Bachelors Degree or More	1,655	15.4	26.5

Subject	Gasconade Number	e County Percent	Missouri
Total Full-time and Part-time employment (BEA), 2013			
Total Employment	8,394		3,579,873
Manufacturing	1,459	17.4	7.4
Local government	977	11.6	7.7
Retail Trade	835	9.9	10.4
Farm employment	769	9.2	2.8
Other services, except public administration	517	6.2	5.8
Construction	435	5.2	5.1
Finance and insurance	383	4.6	5.4
Administrative and waste services	333	4.0	5.6
Real estate and rental and leasing	279	3.3	3.8
Wholesale trade	194	2.3	3.6
Unemployment Data (BLS/MERIC) January/2015			
Unemployed (Persons/Rate)	417	5.4	6.1
Previous Month	330	4.3	5.1
Previous Year	518	6.9	7.1
Personal Income (BEA definition), 2013	**************************************		
Total Personal Income (in thousands)	\$520,396		\$245,771,389
Personal current transfer receipts	141,263	27.1	19.4
Dividends, interest, and rent	106,663	20.5	18.2
Manufacturing	71,387	13.7	7.6
Local government	46,051	8.8	6.3
Retail Trade	18,578	3.6	4.6
Other services, except public administration	13,932	2.7	2.8
Administrative and waste services	10,991	2.1	2.7
Construction	10,409	2.0	4.2

Subject	Gasconade Number	County Percent	Missouri
Agricultural/Farm Indicators, 2012 (\$ amounts in thousands)	AG profi	<u>le</u>	
Total Number of Farms	859		99,17
Market Value of Ag Products Sold	\$25,948		\$9,164,886
Ag Farm Production Expenses	\$29,651		\$8,290,49
Net Farm Income	\$-3,703		\$874,38
Distribution of Farms by Sales Category			
Under \$10,000	469	54.6	53.3
\$10,000 to \$49,999	292	34.0	26.9
\$50,000 to \$99,999	0	0.0	
\$100,000 or more	53	6.2	12.5
Children and Families			
Students enrolled in free & reduced lunch program, 2013	1,336	48.7	49.8
Low birthweight infants (count/per 1000), 2009-2013	51	6.6	8.6
Child abuse and neglect (count/per 1000), 2013	151	48.2	40.8
Births to Teens Aged 15-19 (count/per 1000), 2013	19	42.0	30.0
Food stamp recipients (kids), 2013	1,087	34.7	36.9
Children enrolled in MC+/Medicaid, 2013	1,116	35.6	36.8
Overall Kids Count composite rank (out of 115), 2013	31		

For information and links regarding data sources used in this report see the <u>sources</u> metadata page for this application.

Recent updates to these reports:

6-30-15:

Updated all the data regarding place-level pops to 2014 vintage.

Updated total housing unit estimates to 2014 vintage.

Updated estimates by age and by race/hispanic to 2014 vintage.

Update the Agricultural/Farm Indicators to 2012 (Ag Census). Added link to 2012 county profile from USDA.

4-15-15:

Latest pop estimate and change/natural increase/net migration since 2010 updated to use 2014 estimate.

BEA economic data on employment and income updated to 2013 vintage.

All ACS-based tables (income, poverty, educational attainment, etc.) updated to vintage 2013.

Children and families data (from the Kids Count database) updated to 2014 cycle.

Produced by: University of Missouri Extension, Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA)
Return to Main Menu

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Questions, comments and suggestions are welcome and hould be addressed to Glenn Rice at OSEDA

Produced by entypage 15.sas, rev. 04-13-15

This request took 0.34 seconds of real time (v9.2 build 1495).

Summary of Social and Economic Indicators for Gasconade County

Note: The latest ACS period estimates for this county are based on surveys taken during the 5-year period **2008_2012** (but the state estimates are for 3-year period 2010_2012). This needs to be considered when comparing county vs. state indic ators.

Population Change Since 2010. Over the period from 2010 to 2013, Gasconade County's population decreased by 321, going from 15,222 in 2010 to 14,901 in 2013. This was a change of -2.1 percent, compared to a 0.9 percent change for the state. (See Table for trends over previous two decades.)

County had 177 more deaths than births between 2010 and 2013. *Net migration* is the difference between the number of people who moved into an area and the number of people who moved out. A negative net migration means a net loss of persons due to migration (more out-movers than in-movers), while a positive value represents a net gain. Between 2010 and 2013, the county had an estimated net migration of -121. (See Table for trends over previous two decades.)

Age. In 2013, an estimated 21.4 percent of county residents were 65 and older compared to 15.0 percent statewide. At the same time, the Census Bureau estimated that young people (under 18) made up 20.9 percent of the county's population, compared to 23.2 percent for the state.

Racial Diversity. The 2013 vintage estimates from the Census Bureau indicate that 97.7 percent of the population in the county was White (14,565 persons), while the estimated Black population was 46 (0.3%). The same set of estimates indicated there were 75 Asians (0.5%) and 43 American Indians (0.3%). (These are all "race alone" figures.) *Hispanic* is not considered to be a race by the Census Bureau/OMB, but rather a separate ethnic category. In 2013, an estimated 188 Hispanic persons (1.3%) were living in the county, compared to a statewide figure of 3.9%.

Households and Families. There were 6,310 households in the county according to the 2010 decennial census. Of these 4,197 were classified as family households (66.5%), compared with 65.1% for the state. More specifically, 18.2 percent of Gasconade County households were "traditional" families (married couples with children under 18), which compared with 18.9% of all households in the state. The 275 single mothers accounted for 4.4% of all households in the county, compared to 7.1% in the state.

Housing. Offical Census Bureau estimates for 2013 indicate there were approximately **8,112** housing units in the County. The homeownership rate in 2010 (per the decennial census) was **78.5** percent compared to **68.8** percent statewide. The county vacancy rate in 2010 was **23.8**, compared with the statewide rate of **12.4**.

Incorporated Places of Residence. Sub-county estimates for 2013 indicate that 17.6 percent of the county's population lived in incorporated places of 2,500 or more. Those living in smaller places (i.e. cities) accounted for 24.7 percent of the county's population, with 57.7 percent living in unincorporated areas.

Income and Poverty per ACS. (All \$ figures are in 2012 dollars.) The median household income for the county is \$41,304. The median family income for the county is \$52,585.

2,005 persons in the county had incomes below the federal poverty level; the poverty rate was 13.6%.

For children under 18 the rate was 21.6. This compares to a statewide overall poverty rate of 15.7% and a child poverty rate of 21.8%. (Note that the Missouri rates are based on a 3-year period, while the county rate is based on a 5-year period).

Unemployment / Jobs by Sector. The November, 2013 unemployment rate (per the Bureau of Labor Statistics, preliminary and not seasonally adjusted) was **5.0** percent, compared with **5.5**% statewide and **6.7**% a year earlier.

According to Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) estimates, in 2012 there were **8,172** jobs in **Gasconade County**. **Manufacturing** accounted for **16.5** percent of the total jobs (**1,345**). Other sectors with significant employment included:

- Local government (997)
- Retail Trade (903)
- Farm employment (789)
- Accommodation and food services (568)

County Income Patterns per BEA. The BEA estimates indicate that Gasconade County generated over \$499.7 million dollars of total personal income in 2012. Per capita income was \$33,375, compared with \$39,133 for Missouri. Significant sources of income were:

- Personal current transfer receipts: \$136.5 million (27.3%);
- Dividends, interest, and rent: \$104.4 million (20.9%);
- Manufacturing: \$62.4 million (12.5%);
- Local government: \$46.0 million (9.2%)

Educational Attainment. The latest ACS estimates show that of residents aged 25 and over about 21.8 percent (2,341) were college graduates, compared to percent statewide. An additional 2,234 had some college education (20.8%) compared with 22.8 percent of all Missourians (over the age of 25.)

Families and Children.

- In 2012, 49.2 percent of children in Gasconade County were enrolled in the free and reduced lunch program, compared to 49.4 percent statewide.
- Kids Count indicators show that **6.8** percent of the infants born over the period from 2008 to 2012 were low birth weight infants. The number of births to teenage mothers was **32.3** per 1,000 girls, compared to **32.2** statewide.
- The 2013 annual Kids Count report had **Gasconade County** ranked 27 out of 114 counties + St. Louis City in the state based on an array of child well-being indicators.

- Additional data indicators created for this report are available via the **Uexplore/Dexter** extraction application.
- Excel file with current place population (see tabs: 1-Cities Alpha or 2-Cities by County)
- Report produced by the Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA), U. of Missouri.
- Report generated on 07JUL14 at 10:51.

UM Extension Social and Economic Profile Maries County, MO

Subject	Maries (County	Missouri
•	Number	Percent	WISSOUT
Total Population Trends			
1990	7,976		5,117,07
2000	8,903		5,595,21
2010	9,176		5,988,92
2014	9,013		6,063,589
Projections			
2020	9,848		6,389,850
2030	10,406		6,746,762
Change, 1990-2000			U = Till LUITS
Number	927		478,138
Percent	11.6		9.
Change, 2000-2010			-
Number	273		393,716
Percent	3.1		7.0
Change, 2010-2014		****	
Number	-163		74,662
Percent	-1.8		1.2
Natural Increase		t	
1990-2000	8		219,553
2000-2010	17		239,495
2010-2014	-60		84,633
Net Migration			
1990-2000	919		258,585
2000-2010	234		152,868
2010-2014	-115		-8,048
Population by Select Age Cohorts, 2014 (July 1 estimates			
Total Population	9,013	290	6,063,589
Under 5	419	4.6	6.2
5 to 17	1,554	17.2	16.9
18 to 24	647	7.2	9.7
25 to 34	948	10.5	13.2
35 to 54	2,374	26.3	25.6
55 to 64	1,328	14.7	13.0
65 to 84	1,553	17.2	13.3
85 and Older	190	2.1	2.1
65 and Older	1,743	19.3	15.4
Under 18	1,973	21.9	23.0
Population by Race and Ethnicity, 2014 (July 1 estimates		21.7	20.0
White alone	8,765	97.2	83.5
Black alone	44	0.5	31.8
Am Indian and Alaska Native alone	57	0.6	0.5
Asian and Pacific Islander alone	32	0.4	2.1
MultiRacial	115	1.3	2.1
Hispanic	110	1.1	4.0
NonHispanic	8,913	98.9	
, von nopune	615,0	90.9	96.0

Subject	Maries (Maries County	
	Number	Percent	Missouri
Households by Type, 2010 (Census) ACS	Photodolic .		
Total Households	3,749		2,353,778
Families	2,601	69.4	64.9
Married Couples	2,097	56.6	48.4
Married Couple w Own Children < 18	714	19.3	18.9
Single Mothers	161	4.3	7.1
Non-family HHs	1,104	29.8	34.7
Persons Living Alone	970	26.2	28.3
Unmarried Partner Households	229	6.2	6.7
Same Sex Partners	19	0.5	0.6
Average Household Size	2.46		2.45
Housing Data, 2010 (Census) ACS	 		
Total Housing Units	4,611		2,712,729
Occupied Units	3,705	80,4	87.6
Vacant Units	906	19.6	12.4
Vacancy Rate for Owner Units	1.3		2.6
Vacancy Rate for Rental Units	12.2		11.1
Total Housing Units (latest estimate), 2014	4,565		2,735,742
Population by Place Category, 2014			
Living in incorporated places of 2500+ population	0	0.0	59.0
Living in incorporated places of less than 2500	1,937	21.5	7.1
Living in an unincorporated area	7,076	78.5	34.0
Other 2010 Population Items			
Persons Per Square Mile	17		87
Females	4,538	49.5	51.0
Living in Group Quarters	67	0.7	2,9

	Subject	Maries (Maries County		
	Subject	Number	Percent	Missouri	
Income & Pover	ty Data from the American Community Surv	ey ACS	111-11		
Median Household In	come	\$42,566		\$46,640	
Average Household In	ncome	\$52,066		\$63,090	
Median Family Incon	ne	\$55,331		\$58,626	
Average Family Incor	me	\$61,871		\$75,169	
Per Capita Income		\$22,026		\$25,332	
Persons Below Pover	ty	1.497	16.7	16.0	
Children Below Pove	rty	500	24.3	22.3	
the state of the s	Data from the ACS ACS		21.0		
Workers 16+ Who Co	mmute to Work	3,431		2,625,653	
Drive Alone to worl	•	2,752	74.4	81.4	
Take Public Transpo	ortation	13	0.4	1.4	
Walk to Work		63	1.7	2.0	
Work at Home		269	7.3	4.2	
Average Commuting	<u> </u>	28	110	23	
Educational Atta	inment from the ACS ACS			2,0	
Persons Age 25+ (Uni	iverse for this table)	6,302		4,027,255	
Less than 9th Grade		469	7.4	3.8	
Some High School		620	9.8	8.1	
High School Grad (or GED)	2,625	41.7	31.5	
Some College (no d	egree)	1,160	18.4	22.8	
Associates Degree		386	6.1	7.3	
Bachelors Degree or	r More	1.042	16.5	26.5	

0.1.	Maries (
Subject	Number	Percent	Missouri
Total Full-time and Part-time employment (BEA), 2013			
Total Employment	4,850		3,579,873
Farm employment	830	17.1	2,8
Retail Trade	553	11.4	10.4
Health care and social assistance	334	6.9	11.9
Local government	311	6.4	7.7
Manufacturing	286	5.9	7.4
Transportation and warehousing	235	4.8	3.4
Administrative and waste services	190	3.9	5.6
Accommodation and food services	138	2.8	7.1
Unemployment Data (BLS/MERIC) January/2015			
Unemployed (Persons/Rate)	251	6.1	6.1
Previous Month	209	5.2	5.1
Previous Year	281	7.0	7.1
Personal Income (BEA definition), 2013			
Total Personal Income (in thousands)	\$325,134		\$245,771,389
Personal current transfer receipts	83,023	25.5	19.4
Dividends, interest, and rent	50,001	15.4	18.2
Manufacturing	18,491	5.7	7.0
Transportation and warehousing	12,654	3.9	2.7
Local government	11,841	3.6	6.3
Retail Trade	10,468	3.2	4.6
Health care and social assistance	8,047	2.5	8.8

Subject	Maries C Number	ounty Percent	Missouri
Agricultural/Farm Indicators, 2012 (\$ amounts in thousands)	AG prof	ile	
Total Number of Farms	836		99,171
Market Value of Ag Products Sold	\$35,259		\$9,164,886
Ag Farm Production Expenses	\$33,403	·	\$8,290,499
Net Farm Income	\$1,856		\$874,387
Distribution of Farms by Sales Category			40, (50)
Under \$10,000	386	46.2	53.2
\$10,000 to \$49,999	324	38.8	26.9
\$50,000 to \$99,999	0	0.0	20.2
\$100,000 or more	57	6.8	12.5
Children and Families		0.0	14.0
Students enrolled in free & reduced lunch program, 2013	660	50.2	49.8
Low birthweight infants (count/per 1000), 2009-2013	27	6.3	8.0
Child abuse and neglect (count/per 1000), 2013	79	39.4	40.8
Births to Teens Aged 15-19 (count/per 1000), 2013	1	3.5	30.0
Food stamp recipients (kids), 2013	621	31.0	36.9
Children enrolled in MC+/Medicaid, 2013	603	30.1	36.8
Overall Kids Count composite rank (out of 115), 2013	7	3071	50,0

For information and links regarding data sources used in this report see the <u>sources</u> metadata page for this application.

Recent updates to these reports:

• 6-30-15:

Updated all the data regarding place-level pops to 2014 vintage.

Updated total housing unit estimates to 2014 vintage.

Updated estimates by age and by race/hispanic to 2014 vintage.

Update the Agricultural/Farm Indicators to 2012 (Ag Census) . Added link to 2012 county profile from USDA.

• 4-15-15:

Latest pop estimate and change/natural increase/net migration since 2010 updated to use 2014 estimate.

BEA economic data on employment and income updated to 2013 vintage.

All ACS-based tables (income, poverty, educational attainment, etc.) updated to vintage 2013.

Children and families data (from the Kids Count database) updated to 2014 cycle.

Produced by: University of Missouri Extension, Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA)
Return to Main Menu

Access the data used in this report (for all counties and the state) via **Dexter**. Access other data applications for this county via **applinks**.

Questions, comments and suggestions are welcome and hould be addressed to Glenn Rice at OSEDA

Produced by entypage 15.sas, rev. 04-13-15

This request took 0.33 seconds of real time (v9.2 build 1495).

Summary of Social and Economic Indicators for Maries County

Note: The latest ACS period estimates for this county are based on surveys taken during the 5-year period 2008_2012 (but the state estimates are for 3-year period 2010_2012). This needs to be considered when comparing county vs. state indic ators.

Population Change Since 2010. Over the period from 2010 to 2013, **Maries County**'s population decreased by **158**, going from **9,176** in 2010 to **9,018** in 2013. This was a change of **-1.7** percent, compared to a **0.9** percent change for the state. (See Table for trends over previous two decades.)

Components of Change Since 2010. Natural Increase is defined as births minus deaths. Maries County had 236 more deaths than births between 2010 and 2013. Net migration is the difference between the number of people who moved into an area and the number of people who moved out. A negative net migration means a net loss of persons due to migration (more out-movers than in-movers), while a positive value represents a net gain. Between 2010 and 2013, the county had an estimated net migration of 86. (See Table for trends over previous two decades.)

Age. In 2013, an estimated 19.1 percent of county residents were 65 and older compared to 15.0 percent statewide. At the same time, the Census Bureau estimated that young people (under 18) made up 22.3 percent of the county's population, compared to 23.2 percent for the state.

Racial Diversity. The 2013 vintage estimates from the Census Bureau indicate that 97.5 percent of the population in the county was White (8,792 persons), while the estimated Black population was 38 (0.4%). The same set of estimates indicated there were 24 Asians (0.3%) and 56 American Indians (0.6%). (These are all "race alone" figures.) *Hispanic* is not considered to be a race by the Census Bureau/OMB, but rather a separate ethnic category. In 2013, an estimated 109 Hispanic persons (1.2%) were living in the county, compared to a statewide figure of 3.9%.

Households and Families. There were 3,696 households in the county according to the 2010 decennial census. Of these 2,708 were classified as family households (73.3%), compared with 65.1% for the state. More specifically, 19.3 percent of Maries County households were "traditional" families (married couples with children under 18), which compared with 18.9% of all households in the state. The 161 single mothers accounted for 4.3% of all households in the county, compared to 7.1% in the state.

Housing. Offical Census Bureau estimates for 2013 indicate there were approximately **4,551** housing units in the County. The homeownership rate in 2010 (per the decennial census) was **79.6** percent compared to **68.8** percent statewide. The county vacancy rate in 2010 was **19.6**, compared with the statewide rate of **12.4**.

Incorporated Places of Residence. Sub-county estimates for 2013 indicate that none of the county's population lived in places of 2,500 or more. Those living in smaller places (i.e. cities) accounted for 21.5 percent of the county's population, with 78.5 percent living in unincorporated areas.

Income and Poverty per ACS. (All \$ figures are in 2012 dollars.) The median household income for the county is \$44,885. The median family income for the county is \$54,979.

1,286 persons in the county had incomes below the federal poverty level; the poverty rate was 14.3%. For children under 18 the rate was 20.7. This compares to a statewide overall poverty rate of 15.7%

and a child poverty rate of 21.8%. (Note that the Missouri rates are based on a 3-year period, while the county rate is based on a 5-year period).

Unemployment / Jobs by Sector. The November, 2013 unemployment rate (per the Bureau of Labor Statistics, preliminary and not seasonally adjusted) was 4.4 percent, compared with 5.5% statewide and 5.2% a year earlier.

According to Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) estimates, in 2012 there were 4,895 jobs in Maries County. Farm employment accounted for 17.4 percent of the total jobs (850). Other sectors with significant employment included:

- Retail Trade (569)
- Other services, except public administration (433)
- Local government (315)
- Health care and social assistance (281)

County Income Patterns per BEA. The BEA estimates indicate that Maries County generated over \$312.6 million dollars of total personal income in 2012. Per capita income was \$34,676, compared with \$39,133 for Missouri. Significant sources of income were:

- Personal current transfer receipts: \$77.2 million (24.7%);
- Dividends, interest, and rent: \$47.2 million (15.1%);
- Manufacturing: \$17.0 million (5.5%);

Educational Attainment. The latest ACS estimates show that of residents aged 25 and over about 24.1 percent (1,513) were college graduates, compared to percent statewide. An additional 1,180 had some college education (18.8%) compared with 22.8 percent of all Missourians (over the age of 25.)

Families and Children.

- In 2012, 50.6 percent of children in Maries County were enrolled in the free and reduced lunch program, compared to 49.4 percent statewide.
- Kids Count indicators show that 5.7 percent of the infants born over the period from 2008 to 2012 were low birth weight infants. The number of births to teenage mothers was 21.1 per 1,000 girls, compared to 32.2 statewide.
- The 2013 annual Kids Count report had **Maries County** ranked 12 out of 114 counties + St. Louis City in the state based on an array of child well-being indicators.

- Additional data indicators created for this report are available via the <u>Uexplore/Dexter</u> extraction application.
- Excel file with current place population (see tabs: 1-Cities Alpha or 2-Cities by County)
- Report produced by the Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA), U. of Missouri.
- Report generated on 07JUL14 at 10:51.

UM Extension Social and Economic Profile Osage County, MO

Subject	Osage (_	Missouri
Total Population Trends	Number	Percent	1111330411
1990			
2000	12,018		5,117,07
2010	13,062		5,595,21
2010	13,878		5,988,92
	13,703		6,063,589
Projections			
2020	13,493		6,389,850
	13,704		6,746,76
Change, 1990-2000			
Number	1,044		478,138
Percent	8.7		9.3
Change, 2000-2010	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Number	816		393,716
Percent	6.2		7.0
Change, 2010-2014			
Number	-175		74,662
Percent	-1.3	- 2	1.2
Natural Increase			
1990-2000	416		219,553
2000-2010	571		239,495
2010-2014	119		84,633
Net Migration			04,052
1990-2000	628		258,585
2000-2010	295		152,868
2010-2014	-306		-8,048
Population by Select Age Cohorts, 2014 (July 1 estimates)	-500		+0,040
Total Population	13,703		C 062 500
Under 5	782	5.7	6,063,589
5 to 17			6.2
18 to 24	2,475	18.1	16.9
25 to 34	1,206	8.8	9.7
35 to 54	1,479	10.8	13.2
55 to 64	3,716	27.1	25.6
65 to 84	1,756	12.8	13.0
85 and Older	1,985	14.5	13.3
65 and Older	304	2.2	2.1
	2,289	16.7	15.4
Under 18	3,257	23.8	23.0
Population by Race and Ethnicity, 2014 (July 1 estimates)			
White alone	13,497	98.5	83.5
Black alone	45	0.3	11.8
Am Indian and Alaska Native alone	35	0.3	0.5
Asian and Pacific Islander alone	31	0.2	2.1
MultiRacial	95	0.7	2.1
Hispanic	95	0.7	4.0
NonHispanic	13,608	99,3	96.0

Subject	Osage C	Osage County		
Subject	Number	Percent	Missouri	
Households by Type, 2010 (Census) ACS				
Total Households	5,168		2,353,778	
Families	3,800	73.5	64.9	
Married Couples	3,117	58.5	48.4	
Married Couple w Own Children < 18	1,334	25.0	18.9	
Single Mothers	211	4.0	7.1	
Non-family HHs	1,623	30.5	34.7	
Persons Living Alone	1,386	26.0	28.3	
Unmarried Partner Households	270	5.1	6.7	
Same Sex Partners	24	0.5	0.6	
Average Household Size	2.53		2.45	
Housing Data, 2010 (Census) ACS				
Total Housing Units	6,533		2,712,729	
Occupied Units	5,328	81,6	87.6	
Vacant Units	1,205	18.4	12.4	
Vacancy Rate for Owner Units	1.2		2.6	
Vacancy Rate for Rental Units	15.5		11.1	
Total Housing Units (latest estimate), 2014	6,542		2,735,742	
Population by Place Category, 2014				
Living in incorporated places of 2500+ population	0	0.0	59.0	
Living in incorporated places of less than 2500	3,232	23.6	7.1	
Living in an unincorporated area	10,471	76.4	34.0	
Other 2010 Population Items	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		***	
Persons Per Square Mile	23		87	
Females	6,659	48.0	51.0	
Living in Group Quarters	405	2.9	2.9	

Subject	Osage (County	
Subject	Number	Percent	Missouri
Income & Poverty Data from the American Commun	ity Survey ACS		
Median Household Income	\$51,408		\$46,640
Average Household Income	\$59,116		\$63,090
Median Family Income	\$61,660		\$58,626
Average Family Income	\$67,199		\$75,169
Per Capita Income	\$22,629		\$25,332
Persons Below Poverty	1,189	8.7	16.0
Children Below Poverty	247	7.3	22.3
Travel to Work Data from the ACS ACS			
Workers 16+ Who Commute to Work	6,279		2,625,653
Drive Alone to work	4,891	73.7	81.4
Take Public Transportation	4	0.1	1.4
Walk to Work	95	1.4	2,0
Work at Home	360	5.4	4.2
Average Commuting Time	26		23
Educational Attainment from the ACS ACS			
Persons Age 25+ (Universe for this table)	9,148		4,027,255
Less than 9th Grade	528	5.8	3.8
Some High School	519	5.7	8.1
High School Grad (or GED)	4,442	48.6	31.5
Some College (no degree)	1,269	13.9	22.8
Associates Degree	982	10.7	7.3
Bachelors Degree or More	1,408	15.4	26.5

Subject	Osage C	_	Missouri
*	Number	Percent	
Total Full-time and Part-time employment (BEA), 2013			
Total Employment	6,597		3,579,873
Manufacturing	1,098	16.6	7.4
Farm employment	1,083	16.4	2.8
Retail Trade	604	9.2	10.4
Construction	538	8.2	5.1
Health care and social assistance	517	7.8	11.9
Other services, except public administration	383	5.8	5.8
Transportation and warehousing	247	3.7	3.4
Finance and insurance	239	3.6	5.4
Unemployment Data (BLS/MERIC) January/2015			
Unemployed (Persons/Rate)	334	4.5	6.1
Previous Month	281	3.8	5.1
Previous Year	363	5.0	7.1
Personal Income (BEA definition), 2013			
Total Personal Income (in thousands)	\$524,232		\$245,771,389
Personal current transfer receipts	90,246	17.2	19.4
Dividends, interest, and rent	83,064	15.8	18.2
Manufacturing	51,752	9,9	7.6
Construction	21,607	4.1	4.2
Farm earnings	16,984	3.2	
Retail Trade	15,489	3.0	4.6
Other services, except public administration	12,315	2.3	2.8
Health care and social assistance	11,765	2.2	8.8

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Subject	Osage (Osage County	
Subject	Number	Percent	Missouri
Agricultural/Farm Indicators, 2012 (\$ amounts in thousands)	AG pro	file	
Total Number of Farms	1,115		99,171
Market Value of Ag Products Sold	\$78,657		\$9,164,886
Ag Farm Production Expenses	\$64,477		\$8,290,499
Net Farm Income	\$14,180	-	\$874,387
Distribution of Farms by Sales Category			
Under \$10,000	502	45.0	53.2
\$10,000 to \$49,999	418	37.5	26.9
\$50,000 to \$99,999	0	0.0	
\$100,000 or more	108	9.7	12.5
Children and Families			
Students enrolled in free & reduced lunch program, 2013	539	34.5	49.8
Low birthweight infants (count/per 1000), 2009-2013	54	6.9	8.0
Child abuse and neglect (count/per 1000), 2013	71	22.0	40.8
Births to Teens Aged 15-19 (count/per 1000), 2013	4	9.7	30.0
Food stamp recipients (kids), 2013	518	16.1	36,9
Children enrolled in MC+/Medicaid, 2013	598	18.6	36.8
Overall Kids Count composite rank (out of 115), 2013	10		

For information and links regarding data sources used in this report see the <u>sources</u> metadata page for this application.

Recent updates to these reports:

• 6-30-15:

Updated all the data regarding place-level pops to 2014 vintage.

Updated total housing unit estimates to 2014 vintage.

Updated estimates by age and by race/hispanic to 2014 vintage.

Update the Agricultural/Farm Indicators to 2012 (Ag Census) . Added link to 2012 county profile from USDA.

• 4-15-15:

Latest pop estimate and change/natural increase/net migration since 2010 updated to use 2014 estimate.

BEA economic data on employment and income updated to 2013 vintage.

All ACS-based tables (income, poverty, educational attainment, etc.) updated to vintage 2013.

Children and families data (from the Kids Count database) updated to 2014 cycle.

Produced by: University of Missouri Extension, Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA)
Return to Main Menu

Access the data used in this report (for all counties and the state) via **Dexter**. Access other data applications for this county via **applinks**.

Questions, comments and suggestions are welcome and hould be addressed to Glenn Rice at OSEDA

Produced by entypage15.sas, rev. 04-13-15 1

This request took 0.39 seconds of real time (v9.2 build 1495).

Summary of Social and Economic Indicators for Osage County

Note: The latest ACS period estimates for this county are based on surveys taken during the 5-year period **2008_2012** (but the state estimates are for 3-year period 2010_2012). This needs to be considered when comparing county vs. state indic ators.

Population Change Since 2010. Over the period from 2010 to 2013, Osage County's population decreased by 190, going from 13,878 in 2010 to 13,688 in 2013. This was a change of -1.4 percent, compared to a 0.9 percent change for the state. (See Table for trends over previous two decades.)

Components of Change Since 2010. Natural Increase is defined as births minus deaths. Osage County had 80 more births than deaths between 2010 and 2013. Net migration is the difference between the number of people who moved into an area and the number of people who moved out. A negative net migration means a net loss of persons due to migration (more out-movers than in-movers), while a positive value represents a net gain. Between 2010 and 2013, the county had an estimated net migration of -281. (See Table for trends over previous two decades.)

Age. In 2013, an estimated 16.3 percent of county residents were 65 and older compared to 15.0 percent statewide. At the same time, the Census Bureau estimated that young people (under 18) made up 23.7 percent of the county's population, compared to 23.2 percent for the state.

Racial Diversity. The 2013 vintage estimates from the Census Bureau indicate that 98.6 percent of the population in the county was White (13,499 persons), while the estimated Black population was 41 (0.3%). The same set of estimates indicated there were 25 Asians (0.2%) and 33 American Indians (0.2%). (These are all "race alone" figures.) *Hispanic* is not considered to be a race by the Census Bureau/OMB, but rather a separate ethnic category. In 2013, an estimated 88 Hispanic persons (0.6%) were living in the county, compared to a statewide figure of 3.9%.

Households and Families. There were 5,224 households in the county according to the 2010 decennial census. Of these 3,870 were classified as family households (74.1%), compared with 65.1% for the state. More specifically, 25.0 percent of Osage County households were "traditional" families (married couples with children under 18), which compared with 18.9% of all households in the state. The 211 single mothers accounted for 4.0% of all households in the county, compared to 7.1% in the state.

Housing. Offical Census Bureau estimates for 2013 indicate there were approximately **6,529** housing units in the County. The homeownership rate in 2010 (per the decennial census) was **81.3** percent compared to **68.8** percent statewide. The county vacancy rate in 2010 was **18.4**, compared with the statewide rate of **12.4**.

Incorporated Places of Residence. Sub-county estimates for 2013 indicate that none of the county's population lived in places of 2,500 or more. Those living in smaller places (i.e. cities) accounted for 23.6 percent of the county's population, with 76.4 percent living in unincorporated areas.

Income and Poverty per ACS. (All \$ figures are in 2012 dollars.) The median household income for the county is \$51,006. The median family income for the county is \$59,908.

1,357 persons in the county had incomes below the federal poverty level; the poverty rate was 9.9%. For children under 18 the rate was 9.8. This compares to a statewide overall poverty rate of 15.7% and a child poverty rate of 21.8%. (Note that the Missouri rates are based on a 3-year period, while the

county rate is based on a 5-year period).

Unemployment / Jobs by Sector. The November, 2013 unemployment rate (per the Bureau of Labor Statistics, preliminary and not seasonally adjusted) was **4.3** percent, compared with **5.5**% statewide and **4.3**% a year earlier.

According to Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) estimates, in 2012 there were 6,434 jobs in Osage County. Farm employment accounted for 17.2 percent of the total jobs (1,109). Other sectors with significant employment included:

- Manufacturing (1,008)
- **Retail Trade** (**579**)
- Health care and social assistance (510)
- Construction (462)

County Income Patterns per BEA. The BEA estimates indicate that Osage County generated over \$500.4 million dollars of total personal income in 2012. Per capita income was \$36,113, compared with \$39,133 for Missouri. Significant sources of income were:

- Personal current transfer receipts: \$89.8 million (17.9%);
- Dividends, interest, and rent: \$77.1 million (15.4%);
- Manufacturing: \$48.6 million (9.7%);

Educational Attainment. The latest ACS estimates show that of residents aged 25 and over about 24.5 percent (2,229) were college graduates, compared to percent statewide. An additional 1,372 had some college education (15.1%) compared with 22.8 percent of all Missourians (over the age of 25.)

Families and Children.

- In 2012, 36.0 percent of children in Osage County were enrolled in the free and reduced lunch program, compared to 49.4 percent statewide.
- Kids Count indicators show that **6.7** percent of the infants born over the period from 2008 to 2012 were low birth weight infants. The number of births to teenage mothers was **14.5** per 1,000 girls, compared to **32.2** statewide.
- The 2013 annual Kids Count report had Osage County ranked 4 out of 114 counties + St. Louis City in the state based on an array of child well-being indicators.

- Additional data indicators created for this report are available via the **Uexplore/Dexter** extraction application.
- Excel file with current place population (see tabs: I-Cities Alpha or 2-Cities by County)
- Report produced by the Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA), U. of Missouri.
- Report generated on 07JUL14 at 10:51.

UM Extension Social and Economic Profile Phelps County, MO

Subject	Subject Phelps Cour		
	Number	Percent	Missouri
Total Population Trends			
1990	35,248		5,117,07
2000	39,825		5,595,21
2010	45,156		5,988,92
2014	44,847		6,063,58
Projections			0,000,00
2020	45,824		6,389,85
2030	47,635		6,746,76
Change, 1990-2000		***	5,115,115
Number	4,577		478,13
Percent	13.0		9.
Change, 2000-2010			71
Number	5,331	****	393,71
Percent	13.4		7.1
Change, 2010-2014			, ,,
Number	-309		74,662
Percent	-0.7		1.3
Natural Increase			
1990-2000	698		219,553
2000-2010	1,219	774.44	239,495
2010-2014	563		84,633
Net Migration			01,000
1990-2000	3,879		258,585
2000-2010	4,111		152,868
2010-2014	-811		-8,048
Population by Select Age Cohorts, 2014 (July 1 estimates)			0,010
Total Population	44,847		6,063,589
Under 5	2,600	5.8	6.2
5 to 17	7,160	16.0	16.9
18 to 24	7,680	17.1	9.7
25 to 34	5,352	11.9	13.2
35 to 54	10,085	22.5	25.6
55 to 64	5,281	11.8	13.0
65 to 84	5,768	12.9	13.3
85 and Older	921	2.1	2.1
65 and Older	6,689	14.9	15.4
Under 18	9,760	21.8	23.0
Population by Race and Ethnicity, 2014 (July 1 estimates)	2,100	21.0	25,0
White alone	40,751	00.0	02.6
Black alone	1,095	90.9	83.5
Am Indian and Alaska Native alone	364	0.8	11.8
Asian and Pacific Islander alone	1,545		0.5
MultiRacial	1,092	3.4 2.4	2.1
Hispanic	1,111	2.5	2.1
NonHispanic	43,736		4.0
	43,730	97.5	96.0

•	-	Missouri
Number	Percent	
16,763		2,353,778
10,356	61.8	64.9
8,382	47.7	48.4
3,147	17.9	18.9
1,103	6.3	7.1
6,611	37.6	34.7
5,072	28.9	28.3
1,176	6.7	6.7
112	0.6	0.6
2.40		2.45
19,533	ya	2,712,729
17,564	89,9	87.6
1,969	10.1	12.4
2.2		2.6
8.3		11.1
19,766		2,735,742
24,079	53.7	59.0
1,269	2.8	7.1
19,499	43.5	34.0
67	,	87
21,538	47.7	51.0
3,001	6.6	2.9
	Number 16,763 10,356 8,382 3,147 1,103 6,611 5,072 1,176 112 2,40 19,533 17,564 1,969 2,2 8,3 19,766 24,079 1,269 19,499	16,763 10,356 8,382 47.7 3,147 17.9 1,103 6,3 6,611 37.6 5,072 28.9 1,176 6.7 112 0.6 2.40 19,533 17,564 89.9 1,969 10.1 2.2 8.3 19,766 24,079 53.7 1,269 2.8 19,499 43.5

Subject		County	
		Percent	Missouri
Income & Poverty Data from the American Community Surve	y ACS		
Median Household Income	\$40,768		\$46,640
Average Household Income	\$53,472		\$63,090
Median Family Income	\$52,140		\$58,620
Average Family Income	\$66,187		\$75,169
Per Capita Income	\$20,964		\$25,332
Persons Below Poverty	7,177	17.1	16.0
Children Below Poverty	1,733	18.7	22.3
Travel to Work Data from the ACS ACS	,		
Workers 16+ Who Commute to Work	18,257		2,625,653
Drive Alone to work	14,562	76.9	81.4
Take Public Transportation	53	0.3	1.4
Walk to Work	751	4.0	2.0
Work at Home	667	3.5	4.2
Average Commuting Time	21		23
Educational Attainment from the ACS ACS			
Persons Age 25+ (Universe for this table)	27,651		4,027,255
Less than 9th Grade	1,324	4.8	3.8
Some High School	2,330	8.4	8.1
High School Grad (or GED)	9,484	34.3	31.5
Some College (no degree)	5,136	18.6	22.8
Associates Degree	1,888	6.8	7.3
Bachelors Degree or More	7.489	27.1	26.5

Subject	Phelps (Missouri	
Subject	Number	Percent	WIISSOUTI	
Total Full-time and Part-time employment (BEA), 2013				
Total Employment	23,095		3,579,873	
Local government	3,087	13.4	7.7	
Retail Trade	2,874	12.4	10.4	
State government	2,772	12.0	2.9	
Health care and social assistance	2,710	11.7	11.9	
Accommodation and food services	1,833	7.9	7.1	
Transportation and warehousing	1,579	6.8	3.4	
Other services, except public administration	1,181	5.1	5.8	
Manufacturing	1,051	4.6	7.4	
Construction	923	4.0	5.1	
Farm employment	750	3.2	2.8	
Professional and technical services	675	2.9	5.5	
Finance and insurance	607	2.6	5.4	
Real estate and rental and leasing	544	2.4	3.8	
Administrative and waste services	532	2.3	5.6	
Wholesale trade	489	2.1	3.6	
Unemployment Data (BLS/MERIC) January/2015		V		
Unemployed (Persons/Rate)	1,229	6.0	6.1	
Previous Month	1,041	5.2	5.1	
Previous Year	1,424	7.1	7.1	
Personal Income (BEA definition), 2013				
Total Personal Income (in thousands)	\$1,524,253		\$245,771,389	
Personal current transfer receipts	375,282	24.6	19.4	
Dividends, interest, and rent	282,836	18.6	18.2	
Local government	166,508	10.9	6.3	
State government	160,540	10.5	2.3	
Health care and social assistance	127,196	8.3	8.8	
Transportation and warehousing	81,295	5.3	2.7	
Retail Trade	79,689	5.2	4.6	
Manufacturing	59,583	3.9	7.6	
Construction	36,971	2,4	4.2	
Other services, except public administration	35,699	2.3	2.8	
Federal, civilian	34,690		2.1	
Accommodation and food services	32,902	2.2	2.1	

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Subject	Phelps (Number	County Percent	Missouri
Agricultural/Farm Indicators, 2012 (\$ amounts in thousands)	AG prof	file	
Total Number of Farms	718		99,171
Market Value of Ag Products Sold	\$11,718		\$9,164,886
Ag Farm Production Expenses	\$15,059		\$8,290,499
Net Farm Income	\$-3,341		\$874,387
Distribution of Farms by Sales Category			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Under \$10,000	473	65.9	53.2
\$10,000 to \$49,999	185	25.8	26.9
\$50,000 to \$99,999	0	0.0	
\$100,000 or more	19	2.6	12.5
Children and Families			
Students enrolled in free & reduced lunch program, 2013	3,354	54.5	49.8
Low birthweight infants (count/per 1000), 2009-2013	204	7.5	8.0
Child abuse and neglect (count/per 1000), 2013	489	51.2	40.8
Births to Teens Aged 15-19 (count/per 1000), 2013	50	33.5	30.0
Food stamp recipients (kids), 2013	3,705	38.8	36.9
Children enrolled in MC+/Medicaid, 2013	3,970	41.6	36.8
Overall Kids Count composite rank (out of 115), 2013	57		

** See very latest unemployment data for Missouri and its counties at MERIC Local Area Unemployment Statistics page.

For information and links regarding data sources used in this report see the <u>sources</u> metadata page for this application.

Recent updates to these reports:

6-30-15:

Updated all the data regarding place-level pops to 2014 vintage.

Updated total housing unit estimates to 2014 vintage.

Updated estimates by age and by race/hispanic to 2014 vintage.

Update the Agricultural/Farm Indicators to 2012 (Ag Census) . Added link to 2012 county profile from USDA.

4-15-15:

Latest pop estimate and change/natural increase/net migration since 2010 updated to use 2014 estimate.

BEA economic data on employment and income updated to 2013 vintage.

All ACS-based tables (income, poverty, educational attainment, etc.) updated to vintage 2013.

Children and families data (from the Kids Count database) updated to 2014 cycle.

Produced by: University of Missouri Extension, Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA)
Return to Main Menu

Access the data used in this report (for all counties and the state) via **Dexter**. Access other data applications for this county via **applinks**.

Questions, comments and suggestions are welcome and hould be addressed to Glenn Rice at OSEDA

Produced by entypage15.sas, rev. 04-13-15

This request took 0.37 seconds of real time (v9.2 build 1495).

Summary of Social and Economic Indicators for Phelps County

Note: The latest ACS period estimates for this county and the state are based on surveys taken during the 3-year period 2010_2012.

Population Change Since 2010. Over the period from 2010 to 2013, **Phelps County**'s population decreased by **349**, going from **45,156** in 2010 to **44,807** in 2013. This was a change of **-0.8** percent, compared to a **0.9** percent change for the state. (See Table for trends over previous two decades.)

Components of Change Since 2010. Natural Increase is defined as births minus deaths. Phelps County had 457 more births than deaths between 2010 and 2013. Net migration is the difference between the number of people who moved into an area and the number of people who moved out. A negative net migration means a net loss of persons due to migration (more out-movers than in-movers), while a positive value represents a net gain. Between 2010 and 2013, the county had an estimated net migration of -774. (See Table for trends over previous two decades.)

Age. In 2013, an estimated 14.6 percent of county residents were 65 and older compared to 15.0 percent statewide. At the same time, the Census Bureau estimated that young people (under 18) made up 21.9 percent of the county's population, compared to 23.2 percent for the state.

Racial Diversity. The 2013 vintage estimates from the Census Bureau indicate that 91.2 percent of the population in the county was White (40,845 persons), while the estimated Black population was 1,101 (2.5%). The same set of estimates indicated there were 1,431 Asians (3.2%) and 363 American Indians (0.8%). (These are all "race alone" figures.) *Hispanic* is not considered to be a race by the Census Bureau/OMB, but rather a separate ethnic category. In 2013, an estimated 1,051 Hispanic persons (2.3%) were living in the county, compared to a statewide figure of 3.9%.

Households and Families. There were 16,861 households in the county according to the 2010 decennial census. Of these 10,748 were classified as family households (63.7%), compared with 65.1% for the state. More specifically, 17.9 percent of Phelps County households were "traditional" families (married couples with children under 18), which compared with 18.9% of all households in the state. The 1,103 single mothers accounted for 6.3% of all households in the county, compared to 7.1% in the state.

Of course, not everyone lives in a household, family or otherwise. Especially not in this county, where 6.6% of the population lives in some type of group quarters setting (dormitory, nursing home, prison, etc.) This is signficantly higher than the 2.9% statewide GQ percentage.

Housing. Offical Census Bureau estimates for 2013 indicate there were approximately **19,630** housing units in the County. The homeownership rate in 2010 (per the decennial census) was **61.8** percent compared to **68.8** percent statewide. The county vacancy rate in 2010 was **10.1**, compared with the statewide rate of **12.4**.

Incorporated Places of Residence. Sub-county estimates for 2013 indicate that **53.5** percent of the county's population lived in incorporated places of 2,500 or more. Those living in smaller places (i.e. cities) accounted for **2.8** percent of the county's population, with **43.6** percent living in unincorporated areas.

Income and Poverty per ACS. (All \$ figures are in 2012 dollars.) The median household income for

the county is \$41,596. The median family income for the county is \$51,927. This is 10.6% below the statewide median of \$58,060.

7,948 persons in the county had incomes below the federal poverty level; the poverty rate was **18.9%**. For children under 18 the rate was **18.9**. This compares to a statewide overall poverty rate of **15.7%** and a child poverty rate of **21.8%**.

Unemployment / Jobs by Sector. The November, 2013 unemployment rate (per the Bureau of Labor Statistics, preliminary and not seasonally adjusted) was 4.9 percent, compared with 5.5% statewide and 5.6% a year earlier.

According to Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) estimates, in 2012 there were 23,289 jobs in Phelps County. Local government accounted for 13.5 percent of the total jobs (3,141). Other sectors with significant employment included:

- Retail Trade (2,727)
- State government (2,727)
- Health care and social assistance (2,645)
- Accommodation and food services (1,910)

County Income Patterns per BEA. The BEA estimates indicate that Phelps County generated over \$1,495.7 million dollars of total personal income in 2012. Per capita income was \$33,247, compared with \$39,133 for Missouri. Significant sources of income were:

- Personal current transfer receipts: \$369.6 million (24.7%);
- Dividends, interest, and rent: \$271.3 million (18.1%);
- Local government: \$167.3 million (11.2%);
- State government: \$152.6 million (10.2%)

Educational Attainment. The latest ACS estimates show that of residents aged 25 and over about 31.8 percent (8,771) were college graduates, compared to percent statewide. An additional 5,611 had some college education (20.3%) compared with 22.8 percent of all Missourians (over the age of 25.)

Families and Children.

- In 2012, **52.6** percent of children in **Phelps County** were enrolled in the free and reduced lunch program, compared to **49.4** percent statewide.
- Kids Count indicators show that **7.9** percent of the infants born over the period from 2008 to 2012 were low birth weight infants. The number of births to teenage mothers was **39.1** per 1,000 girls, compared to **32.2** statewide.
- The 2013 annual Kids Count report had **Phelps County** ranked **55** out of 114 counties + St. Louis City in the state based on an array of child well-being indicators.

Note(s):

- Additional data indicators created for this report are available via the <u>Uexplore/Dexter</u> extraction application.
- Excel file with current place population (see tabs: 1-Cities Alpha or 2-Cities by County)
- Report produced by the Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA), U. of Missouri.
- Report generated on 07JUL14 at 10:51.

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UM Extension Social and Economic Profile Pulaski County, MO

Subject	Subject Pulaski County		
Subject	Number	Percent	Missouri
Total Population Trends			
1990	41,307		5,117,07
2000	41,165		5,595,21
2010	52,274		5,988,92
2014	53,436		6,063,589
Projections			0,000,00
2020	45,497		6,389,850
2030	46,520		6,746,762
Change, 1990-2000			0,7 10,7 02
Number	-142		478,138
Percent	-0.3		9.3
Change, 2000-2010			
Number	11,109		393,716
Percent	27.0		7.0
Change, 2010-2014		-	
Number	1,162		74,662
Percent	2.2		1,2
Natural Increase			
1990-2000	4,262	***	219,553
2000-2010	4,245		239,495
2010-2014	2,457		84,633
Net Migration	, , ,		0.,022
1990-2000	-4,404		258,585
2000-2010	6,860		152,868
2010-2014	-1,286	-	-8,048
Population by Select Age Cohorts, 2014 (July 1 estimates)		W	
Total Population	53,436		6,063,589
Under 5	3,876	7.3	6.2
5 to 17	8,694	16.3	16.9
18 to 24	11,855	22.2	9.7
25 to 34	9,783	18.3	13.2
35 to 54	11,259	21,1	25.6
55 to 64	3,894	7.3	13.0
65 to 84	3,635	6.8	13.3
85 and Older	440	0.8	2.1
65 and Older	4,075	7.6	15.4
Under 18	12,570	23.5	23.0
Population by Race and Ethnicity, 2014 (July 1 estimates)		2010	25.0
White alone	41,585	77.8	83.5
Black alone	6,851	12.8	11.8
Am Indian and Alaska Native alone	540	1.0	0.5
Asian and Pacific Islander alone	1,972	3.7	2.1
MultiRacial	2,488	4.7	2.1
Hispanic	5,720	10.7	4.0
NonHispanic	47,716	89.3	96.0

CLiA	Pulaski (County	Missouri
Subject	Number	Percent	WISSOUF
Households by Type, 2010 (Census) ACS			
Total Households	15,491		2,353,778
Families	10,173	65.7	64.9
Married Couples	8,855	55.3	48.4
Married Couple w Own Children < 18	4,383	27.4	18.9
Single Mothers	1,142	7.1	7.1
Non-family HHs	4,696	29.3	34.7
Persons Living Alone	3,869	24.2	28.3
Unmarried Partner Households	931	5.8	6.7
Same Sex Partners	73	0.5	0.6
Average Household Size	2.64		2.45
Housing Data, 2010 (Census) ACS	abia - 0, 10 a 11 a		
Total Housing Units	17,904		2,712,729
Occupied Units	16,004	89.4	87.6
Vacant Units	1,900	10.6	12.4
Vacancy Rate for Owner Units	2.3		2.6
Vacancy Rate for Rental Units	8.8		11.1
Total Housing Units (latest estimate), 2014	18,760		2,735,742
Population by Place Category, 2014			
Living in incorporated places of 2500+ population	11,112	20.8	59.0
Living in incorporated places of less than 2500	4,184	7.8	7.1
Living in an unincorporated area	38,140	71.4	34.0
Other 2010 Population Items	4 977 6		
Persons Per Square Mile	96		87
Females	23,062	44.1	51.0
Living in Group Quarters	9,989		2.9

Subject	Pulaski	Pulaski County	
Subject	Number	Percent	Missouri
Income & Poverty Data from the American Community	Survey ACS		
Median Household Income	\$49,243		\$46,64
Average Household Income	\$56,109		\$63,096
Median Family Income	\$57,617		\$58,620
Average Family Income	\$61,300		\$75,169
Per Capita Income	\$19,800	***************************************	\$25,332
Persons Below Poverty	5.095	11.6	16.0
Children Below Poverty	2.091	17.0	22.
Travel to Work Data from the ACS ACS		17.0	
Workers 16+ Who Commute to Work	19,082		2,625,653
Drive Alone to work	15.562	54.3	81.4
Take Public Transportation	91	0.3	1.4
Walk to Work	210	0.7	2.0
Work at Home	9,579	33.4	4.3
Average Commuting Time	18		23
Educational Attainment from the ACS ACS			
Persons Age 25+ (Universe for this table)	28,620		4,027,255
Less than 9th Grade	916	3.2	3.8
Some High School	2,183	7.6	8.1
High School Grad (or GED)	9,444	33.0	31.5
Some College (no degree)	6,476	22.6	22.8
Associates Degree	3,205	11.2	7.3
Bachelors Degree or More	6,396	22.3	26.5

Cubinat	Pulaski County		Missouri
Subject	Number	Percent	Missouri
Total Full-time and Part-time employment (BEA), 2013			
Total Employment	29,735		3,579,873
Military	12,272	41.3	1.1
Federal, civilian	3,871	13.0	1.6
Accommodation and food services	2,389	8.0	7.1
Local government	2,074	7.0	7.7
Retail Trade	2,070	7.0	10.4
Other services, except public administration	1,120	3.8	5.8
Health care and social assistance	1,119	3.8	11.9
Construction	873	2.9	5.1
Unemployment Data (BLS/MERIC) January/2015			
Unemployed (Persons/Rate)	1,053	6.9	6.1
Previous Month	967	6.4	5.1
Previous Year	1,260	8.3	7.1
Personal Income (BEA definition), 2013			
Total Personal Income (in thousands)	\$2,147,332		\$245,771,389
Military	1,001,323	46.6	1.0
Dividends, interest, and rent	456,166	21.2	18.2
Personal current transfer receipts	313,322	14,6	19.4
Federal, civilian	305,144	14.2	2.1
Local government	107,953	5.0	6.3
Accommodation and food services	55,005	2.6	2.
Retail Trade	52,514	2.4	4.6

Subject	Pulaski Number	County Percent	Missouri
Agricultural/Farm Indicators, 2012 (\$ amounts in thousands)	AG prof	<u>ile</u>	
Total Number of Farms	520		99,171
Market Value of Ag Products Sold	\$12,871		\$9,164,886
Ag Farm Production Expenses	\$14,105		\$8,290,499
Net Farm Income	\$-1,234		\$874,387
Distribution of Farms by Sales Category			
Under \$10,000	301	57.9	53.2
\$10,000 to \$49,999	174	33.5	26.9
\$50,000 to \$99,999	0	0.0	20.7
\$100,000 or more	22	4.2	12.5
Children and Families			12.0
Students enrolled in free & reduced lunch program, 2013	4,015	45.5	49.8
Low birthweight infants (count/per 1000), 2009-2013	302	7.0	8.0
Child abuse and neglect (count/per 1000), 2013	440	35.4	40.8
Births to Teens Aged 15-19 (count/per 1000), 2013	54	29.0	30.0
Food stamp recipients (kids), 2013	3,360	27.0	36.9
Children enrolled in MC+/Medicaid, 2013	3,208	25.8	36,8
Overall Kids Count composite rank (out of 115), 2013	20		5010

** See very latest unemployment data for Missouri and its counties at MERIC Local Area Unemployment Statistics page.

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Recent updates to these reports:

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BEA economic data on employment and income updated to 2013 vintage.

All ACS-based tables (income, poverty, educational attainment, etc.) updated to vintage 2013.

Children and families data (from the Kids Count database) updated to 2014 cycle.

Produced by: University of Missouri Extension, Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA)
Return to Main Menu

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Produced by cntypage 15 sas, rev. 04-13-15

This request took 0.35 seconds of real time (v9.2 build 1495).

Summary of Social and Economic Indicators for Pulaski County

Note: The latest ACS period estimates for this county and the state are based on surveys taken during the 3-year period 2010_2012.

Population Change Since 2010. Over the period from 2010 to 2013, **Pulaski County**'s population increased by **1,474**, going from **52,274** to **53,748**. This was a change of **2.8** percent, compared to a **0.9** percent change for the state. (See Table for trends over previous two decades.)

County had 1,926 more births than deaths between 2010 and 2013. *Net migration* is the difference between the number of people who moved into an area and the number of people who moved out. A negative net migration means a net loss of persons due to migration (more out-movers than in-movers), while a positive value represents a net gain. Between 2010 and 2013, the county had an estimated net migration of -401. (See Table for trends over previous two decades.)

Age. In 2013, an estimated 7.4 percent of county residents were 65 and older compared to 15.0 percent statewide. At the same time, the Census Bureau estimated that young people (under 18) made up 23.9 percent of the county's population, compared to 23.2 percent for the state.

Racial Diversity. The 2013 vintage estimates from the Census Bureau indicate that 78.4 percent of the population in the county was White (42,138 persons), while the estimated Black population was 6,706 (12.5%). The same set of estimates indicated there were 1,956 Asians (3.6%) and 536 American Indians (1.0%). (These are all "race alone" figures.) *Hispanic* is not considered to be a race by the Census Bureau/OMB, but rather a separate ethnic category. In 2013, an estimated 5,579 Hispanic persons (10.4%) were living in the county, compared to a statewide figure of 3.9%.

Households and Families. There were 15,610 households in the county according to the 2010 decennial census. Of these 10,263 were classified as family households (65.7%), compared with 65.1% for the state. More specifically, 27.4 percent of Pulaski County households were "traditional" families (married couples with children under 18), which compared with 18.9% of all households in the state. The 1,142 single mothers accounted for 7.1% of all households in the county, compared to 7.1% in the state.

Of course, not everyone lives in a household, family or otherwise. Especially not in this county, where 19.1% of the population lives in some type of group quarters setting (dormitory, nursing home, prison, etc.) This is significantly higher than the 2.9% statewide GQ percentage.

Housing. Offical Census Bureau estimates for 2013 indicate there were approximately **18,281** housing units in the County. The homeownership rate in 2010 (per the decennial census) was **57.7** percent compared to **68.8** percent statewide. The county vacancy rate in 2010 was **10.6**, compared with the statewide rate of **12.4**.

Incorporated Places of Residence. Sub-county estimates for 2013 indicate that **19.5** percent of the county's population lived in incorporated places of 2,500 or more. Those living in smaller places (i.e. cities) accounted for **8.0** percent of the county's population, with **72.5** percent living in unincorporated areas.

Income and Poverty per ACS. (All \$ figures are in 2012 dollars.) The median household income for

the county is \$47,671. The median family income for the county is \$56,417.

5,813 persons in the county had incomes below the federal poverty level; the poverty rate was **13.4**%. For children under 18 the rate was **18.2**. This compares to a statewide overall poverty rate of **15.7**% and a child poverty rate of **21.8**%.

Unemployment / Jobs by Sector. The November, 2013 unemployment rate (per the Bureau of Labor Statistics, preliminary and not seasonally adjusted) was **6.4** percent, compared with **5.5**% statewide and **7.5**% a year earlier.

According to Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) estimates, in 2012 there were 30,924 jobs in **Pulaski County**. **Military** accounted for 41.1 percent of the total jobs (12,698). Other sectors with significant employment included:

- Federal, civilian (4,521)
- Accommodation and food services (2,469)
- Retail Trade (2,071)
- Local government (1,971)

County Income Patterns per BEA. The BEA estimates indicate that Pulaski County generated over \$2,121.2 million dollars of total personal income in 2012. Per capita income was \$39,828, compared with \$39,133 for Missouri. Significant sources of income were:

- Military: \$992.3 million (46.8%);
- Dividends, interest, and rent: \$428.1 million (20.2%);
- Federal, civilian: \$326.5 million (15.4%);
- Personal current transfer receipts: \$308.5 million (14.5%)

Educational Attainment. The latest ACS estimates show that of residents aged 25 and over about 33.1 percent (9,349) were college graduates, compared to percent statewide. An additional 7,193 had some college education (25.5%) compared with 22.8 percent of all Missourians (over the age of 25.)

Families and Children.

- In 2012, 45.5 percent of children in **Pulaski County** were enrolled in the free and reduced lunch program, compared to 49.4 percent statewide.
- Kids Count indicators show that 7.4 percent of the infants born over the period from 2008 to 2012 were low birth weight infants. The number of births to teenage mothers was 24.5 per 1,000 girls, compared to 32.2 statewide.
- The 2013 annual Kids Count report had **Pulaski County** ranked **16** out of 114 counties + St. Louis City in the state based on an array of child well-being indicators.

Note(s):

- Additional data indicators created for this report are available via the <u>Uexplore/Dexter</u> extraction application.
- Excel file with current place population (see tabs: 1-Cities Alpha or 2-Cities by County)
- Report produced by the Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA), U. of Missouri.
- Report generated on 07JUL14 at 10:51.

UM Extension Social and Economic Profile Washington County, MO

Subject Washington			Minney
	Number	Percent	Missouri
Total Population Trends	W. S		
1990	20,380		5,117,073
2000	23,344		5,595,21
2010	25,195		5,988,92
2014	25,077		6,063,589
Projections			0,000,000
2020	26,294		6,389,850
2030	27,294		6,746,762
Change, 1990-2000			0,710,702
Number	2,964		478,138
Percent	14.5		9.3
Change, 2000-2010	14,5		7
Number	1,851		393,716
Percent	7.9		7.0
Change, 2010-2014	7.2		7.0
Number	-118		74,662
Percent	-0.5		1.2
Natural Increase	-0.5		1.2
1990-2000	925		219,553
2000-2010	863		239,495
2010-2014	163		84,633
Net Migration	105		04,055
1990-2000	2,039		258,585
2000-2010	1,013	1	
2010-2014	-263		152,868
Population by Select Age Cohorts, 2014 (July 1 estimates)	-203		-8,048
Total Population	05.055		
Under 5	25,077		6,063,589
5 to 17	1,466	5.8	6.2
18 to 24	4,312	17.2	16.9
25 to 34	1,970	7.9	9.7
35 to 54	3,048	12.2	13.2
55 to 64	6,954	27.7	25.6
65 to 84	3,469	13.8	13.0
85 and Older	3,529	14.1	13.3
65 and Older	329	1.3	2.1
Under 18	3,858	15.4	15.4
	5,778	23.0	23.0
Population by Race and Ethnicity, 2014 (July 1 estimates)			
White alone	23,925	95.4	83.5
Black alone	608	2.4	8.11
Am Indian and Alaska Native alone	117	0.5	0.5
Asian and Pacific Islander alone	77	0.3	2.1
MultiRacial	350	1.4	2.1
Hispanic	316	1.3	4.0
NonHispanic	24,761	98.7	96.0

Subject	Washingto Number	n County Percent	Missouri
Households by Type, 2010 (Census) ACS	- Halling Cl	T Groom	
Total Households	8,986		2,353,778
Families	6,217	69.2	64.9
Married Couples	5,048	54.0	48.4
Married Couple w Own Children < 18	1,900	20.3	18.9
Single Mothers	598	6.4	7.1
Noл-family HHs	2,666	28.5	34.7
Persons Living Alone	2,189	23.4	28.3
Unmarried Partner Households	779	8.3	6.7
Same Sex Partners	60	0.6	0.6
Average Household Size	2.58		2.45
Housing Data, 2010 (Census) ACS			
Total Housing Units	11,017		2,712,729
Occupied Units	9,355	84.9	87.6
Vacant Units	1,662	15.1	12.4
Vacancy Rate for Owner Units	1.4	****	2.6
Vacancy Rate for Rental Units	8.7		11.1
Total Housing Units (latest estimate), 2014	10,858		2,735,742
Population by Place Category, 2014			
Living in incorporated places of 2500+ population	2,669	10.6	59.0
Living in incorporated places of less than 2500	931	3.7	7.1
Living in an unincorporated area	21,477	85.6	34.0
Other 2010 Population Items			
Persons Per Square Mile	33		87
Females	12,271	48.7	51.0
Living in Group Quarters	1,091	4.3	2.9

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Subject		n County	
Subject	Number	Percent	Missouri
Income & Poverty Data from the American Community Surv	ey ACS		
Median Household Income	\$31,947		\$46,640
Average Household Income	\$44,549		\$63,090
Median Family Income	\$38,557		\$58,620
Average Family Income	\$53,157		\$75,169
Per Capita Income	\$17.292		\$25,332
Persons Below Poverty	5,555	23.4	16.0
Children Below Poverty	2,131	38.1	22.3
Travel to Work Data from the ACS ACS			
Workers 16+ Who Commute to Work	8,813	****	2,625,653
Drive Alone to work	7,144	79.5	81.4
Take Public Transportation	66	0.7	1.4
Walk to Work	70	0.8	2.0
Work at Home	176	2.0	4.2
Average Commuting Time	35		23
Educational Attainment from the ACS ACS			
Persons Age 25+ (Universe for this table)	17,250		4,027,255
Less than 9th Grade	1,809	10.5	3.8
Some High School	2,731	15.8	8.1
High School Grad (or GED)	7,254	42.1	31.5
Some College (no degree)	3,189	18.5	22.8
Associates Degree	998	5.8	7.3
Bachelors Degree or More	1.269	7.4	26.5

Washing Washing		n County	Missouri
Subject	Number	Percent	MISSOURI
Total Full-time and Part-time employment (BEA), 2013			
Total Employment	7,067		3,579,873
Local government	1,079	15.3	7.7
Retail Trade	641	9.1	10.4
Other services, except public administration	611	8.6	5.8
Manufacturing	549	7.8	7.4
Farm employment	520	7,4	2.8
State government	463	6.6	2.9
Construction	339	4.8	5.
Transportation and warehousing	271	3.8	3.4
Accommodation and food services	260	3.7	7.
Administrative and waste services	231	3.3	5.0
Finance and insurance	165	2.3	5.4
Unemployment Data (BLS/MERIC) January/2015			
Unemployed (Persons/Rate)	898	8.5	6.
Previous Month	753	7.2	5.
Previous Year	1,157	11.0	7.
Personal Income (BEA definition), 2013			
Total Personal Income (in thousands)	\$688,926		\$245,771,389
Personal current transfer receipts	257,127	37.3	19.4
Dividends, interest, and rent	68,711	10.0	18.2
Local government	59,755	8.7	6
Manufacturing	25,110	3.6	7.0
State government	22,463	3.3	2.
Other services, except public administration	15,998	2.3	2.5
Retail Trade	14,520	2.1	4.0

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Subject	Washingto Number	n County Percent	Missouri
Agricultural/Farm Indicators, 2012 (\$ amounts in thousands)	AG prof	ile	
Total Number of Farms	531		99,171
Market Value of Ag Products Sold	\$11,069		\$9,164,886
Ag Farm Production Expenses	\$12,331		\$8,290,499
Net Farm Income	\$-1,262		\$874,387
Distribution of Farms by Sales Category			
Under \$10,000	330	62.1	53.2
\$10,000 to \$49,999	162	30.5	26.9
\$50,000 to \$99,999	0	0.0	
\$100,000 or more	25	4.7	12.5
Children and Families			
Students enrolled in free & reduced lunch program, 2013	2,395	68.5	49.8
Low birthweight infants (count/per 1000), 2009-2013	140	9.3	8.0
Child abuse and neglect (count/per 1000), 2013	268	45.8	40.8
Births to Teens Aged 15-19 (count/per 1000), 2013	42	58.0	30.0
Food stamp recipients (kids), 2013	3,533	60.4	36.9
Children enrolled in MC+/Medicaid, 2013	3,367	57.6	36.8
Overall Kids Count composite rank (out of 115), 2013	99		

** See very latest unemployment data for Missouri and its counties at MERIC Local Area Unemployment Statistics page.

For information and links regarding data sources used in this report see the <u>sources</u> metadata page for this application.

Recent updates to these reports:

6-30-15:

Updated all the data regarding place-level pops to 2014 vintage.

Updated total housing unit estimates to 2014 vintage.

Updated estimates by age and by race/hispanic to 2014 vintage.

Update the Agricultural/Farm Indicators to 2012 (Ag Census) . Added link to 2012 county profile from USDA.

• 4-15-15:

Latest pop estimate and change/natural increase/net migration since 2010 updated to use 2014 estimate.

BEA economic data on employment and income updated to 2013 vintage.

All ACS-based tables (income, poverty, educational attainment, etc.) updated to vintage 2013.

Children and families data (from the Kids Count database) updated to 2014 cycle.

Produced by: University of Missouri Extension, Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA)
Return to Main Menu

Access the data used in this report (for all counties and the state) via **Dexter**. Access other data applications for this county via **applinks**.

Questions, comments and suggestions are welcome and hould be addressed to Glenn Rice at OSEDA

Produced by cntypage 15.sas, rev. 04-13-15

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Summary of Social and Economic Indicators for Washington County

Note: The latest ACS period estimates for this county and the state are based on surveys taken during the 3-year period 2010_2012.

Population Change Since 2010. Over the period from 2010 to 2013, Washington County's population decreased by 23, going from 25,195 in 2010 to 25,172 in 2013. This was a change of -0.1 percent, compared to a 0.9 percent change for the state. (See Table for trends over previous two decades.)

County had 199 more births than deaths between 2010 and 2013. *Net migration* is the difference between the number of people who moved into an area and the number of people who moved out. A negative net migration means a net loss of persons due to migration (more out-movers than in-movers), while a positive value represents a net gain. Between 2010 and 2013, the county had an estimated net migration of -218. (See Table for trends over previous two decades.)

Age. In 2013, an estimated 15.0 percent of county residents were 65 and older compared to 15.0 percent statewide. At the same time, the Census Bureau estimated that young people (under 18) made up 23.3 percent of the county's population, compared to 23.2 percent for the state.

Racial Diversity. The 2013 vintage estimates from the Census Bureau indicate that 95.6 percent of the population in the county was White (24,064 persons), while the estimated Black population was 590 (2.3%). The same set of estimates indicated there were 73 Asians (0.3%) and 117 American Indians (0.5%). (These are all "race alone" figures.) *Hispanic* is not considered to be a race by the Census Bureau/OMB, but rather a separate ethnic category. In 2013, an estimated 295 Hispanic persons (1.2%) were living in the county, compared to a statewide figure of 3.9%.

Households and Families. There were 9,114 households in the county according to the 2010 decennial census. Of these 6,489 were classified as family households (71.2%), compared with 65.1% for the state. More specifically, 20.3 percent of Washington County households were "traditional" families (married couples with children under 18), which compared with 18.9% of all households in the state. The 598 single mothers accounted for 6.4% of all households in the county, compared to 7.1% in the state.

Housing. Offical Census Bureau estimates for 2013 indicate there were approximately **10,811** housing units in the County. The homeownership rate in 2010 (per the decennial census) was **78.0** percent compared to **68.8** percent statewide. The county vacancy rate in 2010 was **15.1**, compared with the statewide rate of **12.4**.

Incorporated Places of Residence. Sub-county estimates for 2013 indicate that **10.7** percent of the county's population lived in incorporated places of 2,500 or more. Those living in smaller places (i.e. cities) accounted for **3.8** percent of the county's population, with **85.6** percent living in unincorporated areas.

Income and Poverty per ACS. (All \$ figures are in 2012 dollars.) The median household income for the county is \$31,722. This is 31.1% below the statewide median of \$46,068. The median family income for the county is \$39,937. This is 31.2% below the statewide median of \$58,060.

5,604 persons in the county had incomes below the federal poverty level; the poverty rate was **23.4%**. For children under 18 the rate was **34.2**. This compares to a statewide overall poverty rate of **15.7%** and a child poverty rate of **21.8%**.

Unemployment / Jobs by Sector. The November, 2013 unemployment rate (per the Bureau of Labor Statistics, preliminary and not seasonally adjusted) was **8.0** percent, compared with **5.5%** statewide and **9.2%** a year earlier.

According to Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) estimates, in 2012 there were 6,533 jobs in Washington County. Local government accounted for 16.1 percent of the total jobs (1,051). Other sectors with significant employment included:

- Manufacturing (731)
- Retail Trade (666)
- Other services, except public administration (627)
- Farm employment (532)

County Income Patterns per BEA. The BEA estimates indicate that Washington County generated over \$689.9 million dollars of total personal income in 2012. Per capita income was \$27,493, compared with \$39,133 for Missouri. Significant sources of income were:

- Personal current transfer receipts: \$250.0 million (36.2%);
- Dividends, interest, and rent: \$66.2 million (9.6%);
- Local government: \$57.5 million (8.3%);
- Manufacturing: \$36.2 million (5.2%)

Educational Attainment. The latest ACS estimates show that of residents aged 25 and over about 13.7 percent (2,337) were college graduates, compared to percent statewide. An additional 3,296 had some college education (19.3%) compared with 22.8 percent of all Missourians (over the age of 25.)

Families and Children.

- In 2012, 68.5 percent of children in Washington County were enrolled in the free and reduced lunch program, compared to 49.4 percent statewide.
- Kids Count indicators show that **9.0** percent of the infants born over the period from 2008 to 2012 were low birth weight infants. The number of births to teenage mothers was **50.3** per 1,000 girls, compared to **32.2** statewide.
- The 2013 annual Kids Count report had **Washington County** ranked **100** out of 114 counties + St. Louis City in the state based on an array of child well-being indicators.

Note(s):

- Additional data indicators created for this report are available via the <u>Uexplore/Dexter</u> extraction application.
- Excel file with current place population (see tabs: 1-Cities Alpha or 2-Cities by County)
- Report produced by the Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA), U. of Missouri.
- Report generated on 07JUL14 at 10:51.